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CHAPTER 1090

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

H. F. 1200

AN ACT creating an Iowa administrative procedure Act.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. NEW SECTION. Citation and statement of purpose. 2 1. This Act may be cited as the "Iowa Administrative Procedure 3 Act"

2. This Act is intended to provide a minimum procedural code for the operation of all state agencies when they take action affecting the rights and duties of the public. Nothing in this Act is meant to discourage agencies from adopting procedures providing greater protections to the public or conferring additional rights upon the public; and save for express provisions of this Act to the contrary, nothing in this Act is meant to abrogate in whole or in part any statute prescribing procedural duties for an agency which are greater than or in addition to those provided here. This Act is meant to apply to all rule-making and contested case proceedings and all suits for the judicial review of agency action that are not specifically excluded from this Act or some portion thereof by its express terms or by the express terms of another Act.

The purposes of the "Iowa Administrative Procedure Act" are: to provide legislative oversight of powers and duties delegated to administrative agencies; to increase public accountability of administrative agencies; to simplify government by assuring a uniform minimum procedure to which all agencies will be held in the conduct of their most important functions; to increase public access to governmental information; to increase public participation in the formulation of administrative rules; to increase the fairness of agencies in their conduct of contested case proceedings; and to simplify the process of judicial review of agency action as well as increase its ease and availability. In accomplishing its objectives, the intention of this Act is to strike a fair balance between these purposes and the need for efficient, economical and effective government administration. The Act is not meant to alter the substantive rights of any person or agency. Its impact is limited to procedural rights with the expectation that better substantive results will be achieved in the everyday conduct of state government by improving the process by which those results are attained.

SEC. 2. NEW SECTION. Definitions. As used in this Act: 1. "Agency" means each board, commission, department, officer, or other administrative office or unit of the state. "Agency" does not mean the general assembly, the courts, the governor, or a political subdivision of the state or its offices and units. Unless provided otherwise by statute, no less than two-thirds of the members eligible to vote of a multi-member agency shall constitute a quorum authorized to act in the name of the agency.

2. "Contested case" means a proceeding including but not restricted to ratemaking, price fixing, and licensing in which the legal rights, duties, or privileges of a party are required by constitution or stat12 ute to be determined by an agency after an opportunity for an evi-13 dentiary hearing.

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3. "License" includes the whole or a part of any agency permit, certificate, approval, registration, charter, or similar form of permission required by statute.

mission required by statute.

4. "Licensing" includes the agency process respecting the grant, denial, renewal, revocation, suspension, annulment, withdrawal, or amendment of a license.

5. "Party" means each person or agency named or admitted as a party, or properly seeking and entitled as of right to be admitted as a party.

6. "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, governmental subdivision, or public or private organization of any character other than an agency.

7. "Rule" means each agency statement of general applicability that implements, interprets, or prescribes law or policy, or that describes the organization, procedure, or practice requirements of any agency. The term includes the amendment or repeal of an existing rule, but does not include:

a. A statement concerning only the internal management of an agency and which does not substantially affect the legal rights of, or procedures available to, the public or any segment thereof.

b. A declaratory ruling issued pursuant to section nine (9) of this Act, or an interpretation issued by an agency with respect to a specific set of facts and intended to apply only to that specific set of facts.

c. An intergovernmental, interagency, or intra-agency memorandum, directive, manual or other communication which does not substantially affect the legal rights of, or procedures available to, the public or any segment thereof.

d. A determination, decision, or order in a contested case.

e. An opinion of the attorney general.

f. Those portions of staff manuals, instructions or other statements issued by an agency which set forth criteria or guidelines to be used by its staff in auditing, in making inspections, in settling commercial disputes or negotiating commercial arrangements, or in the selection or handling of cases, such as operational tactics or allowable tolerances or criteria for the defense, prosecution, or settlement of cases, when the disclosure of such statements would: (1) enable law violators to avoid detection; or (2) facilitate disregard of requirements imposed by law; or (3) give a clearly improper advantage to persons who are in an adverse position to the state.

g. A specification of the prices to be charged for goods or services sold by an agency as distinguished from a license fee, application fee, or other fees.

h. A statement concerning only the physical servicing, maintenance or care of publicly owned or operated facilities or property.

i. A statement relating to the use of a particular publicly owned or operated facility or property, the substance of which is indicated to the public by means of signs or signals.

j. A decision by an agency not to exercise a discretionary power. k. A statement concerning only inmates of a penal institution, students enrolled in an educational institution, or patients admitted to a hospital, when issued by such an agency.

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8. "Rule-making" means the process for adopting, amending, or 66 67 repealing a rule.

9. "Agency action" includes the whole or a part of an agency rule or other statement of law or policy, order, decision, license, proceeding, investigation, sanction, relief, or the equivalent or a denial thereof, or a failure to act, or any other exercise of agency discretion or failure to do so, or the performance of any agency duty or the failure to do so.

10. "Agency member" means an individual who is the statutory or constitutional head of an agency, or an individual who is one of several individuals who constitute the statutory or constitutional head of an agency.

NEW SECTION. Public information—adoption of rules availability of rules and orders.

1. In addition to other requirements imposed by constitution or

statute, each agency shall:

a. Adopt as a rule a description of the organization of the agency which states the general course and method of its operations, and the methods by which and location where the public may obtain information or make submissions or requests.

b. Adopt rules of practice setting forth the nature and requirements of all formal and informal procedures available to the public, including a description of all forms and instructions that are to be

used by the public in dealing with the agency.

c. Make available for public inspection all rules, and make available for public inspection and index by subject, all other written statements of law or policy, or interpretations formulated, adopted, or used by the agency in the discharge of its functions. Except as otherwise required by constitution or statute, or in the use of discovery under the Iowa rules of civil procedure or in criminal cases, an agency shall not be required to make available for public inspection those portions of its staff manuals, instructions or other statements excluded from the definition of "rule" by paragraph f of subsection seven (7) of section two (2) of this Act.

d. Make available for public inspection and index by name and subject all final orders, decisions, and opinions: Provided that to the extent required to prevent a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy or trade secrets, an agency shall delete identifying details when it makes available for public inspection any final order, decision, or opinion; however, in each case the justification for the

deletion shall be explained fully in writing.

2. No agency rule or other written statement of law or policy, or interpretation, order, decision or opinion is valid or effective against any person or party, nor shall it be invoked by the agency for any purpose, until it has been made available for public inspection and indexed as required by paragraphs c and d of subsection one (1) of This provision is not applicable in favor of any perthis section. son or party who has actual timely knowledge thereof and the burden of proving such knowledge shall be on the agency.

NEW SECTION. Procedure for adoption of rules.

1 2 1. Prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule an agency shall:

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 a. Give notice of its intended action by causing a notice to be published in the "Iowa Administrative Code". Any notice of intended action shall be published at least thirty-five days in advance of the action. The notice shall include a statement of either the terms or substance of the intended action or a description of the subjects and issues involved, and the time when, the place where, and the manner in which interested persons may present their views thereon.

b. Afford all interested persons reasonable opportunity to submit data, views, or arguments in writing. If timely requested in writing by twenty-five interested persons, by a governmental subdivision, by the administrative rules review committee, by an agency, or by an association having not less than twenty-five members, the agency must give interested persons an opportunity to make oral presentation according to agency rules which give the public adequate notice of the time when and the place where oral presentation may be made, and which provide for the presentation prior to agency action on the The agency shall conrule which is the subject of the proceeding. sider fully all written and oral submissions respecting the proposed Within one hundred eighty days following either the notice published according to the provisions of paragraph a of subsection one (1) of this section or the last date of the oral presentations on the proposed rule, whichever is later, the agency shall adopt a rule pursuant to the rule-making proceeding or shall terminate the proceeding. If requested to do so by an interested person, either prior to adoption or within thirty days thereafter, the agency shall issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against the rule it adopted, incorporating therein the reasons for overruling considerations urged against the rule.

2. When an agency for good cause finds that notice and public participation would be impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest, the provisions of subsection one (1) of this section shall be inapplicable. The agency shall incorporate in each rule issued in reliance upon this provision either the finding and a brief statement of the reasons therefor, or a statement that the rule is within a very narrowly-tailored category of rules whose issuance has previously been exempted from subsection one (1) of this section by a special rule relying on this provision and including such a finding and statement of reasons for the entire category. In any action contesting a rule adopted pursuant to this subsection, the burden of proof shall be on the agency to show that the procedures of subsection one (1) of this section were impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest and that, if a category of rules was involved, the category was very narrowly tailored.

3. No rule adopted after the effective date of this Act is valid unless adopted in substantial compliance with the above requirements of this section. However, a rule shall be conclusively presumed to have been made in compliance with all of the above procedural requirements of this section if it has not been invalidated on the grounds of noncompliance in a proceeding commenced within two years after its effective date.

4. a. If the administrative rules review committee created by section eight (8) of this Act or the attorney general finds objection to all or some portion of a proposed rule because that rule is deemed to be unreasonable, arbitrary, capricious or otherwise be-

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yond the authority delegated to the agency, the committee or attorney general may, in writing, notify the agency of the objection prior to the effective date of such a rule. In the case of a rule issued under subsection two (2) of section four (4) or a rule made effective under the terms of paragraph b of subsection two (2) of section five (5) the committee or attorney general may notify the agency of such an objection within seventy days of the date such a rule be-came effective. The committee or the attorney general shall also file a certified copy of such an objection in the office of the secretary of state within the above time limits and a notice to the effect that an objection has been filed shall be published in the next supplement to the "Iowa Administrative Code". The burden of proof shall then be on the agency in any proceeding for judicial review or for enforcement of the rule heard subsequent to the filing to establish that the rule or portion of the rule timely objected to according to the above procedure is not unreasonable, arbitrary, capricious or otherwise beyond the authority delegated to it.

b. If the agency fails to meet the burden of proof prescribed for a rule objected to according to the provisions of paragraph a of this subsection, the court shall declare the rule or portion of the rule objected to invalid and judgment shall be rendered against the agency for court costs. Such court costs shall include a reasonable attorney fee and shall be payable by the state comptroller from the support appropriations of the agency which issued the rule in question.

NEW SECTION. Filing and taking effect of rules.

1. Each agency shall file in the office of the secretary of state a certified copy of each rule adopted by it, including all rules as defined in this Act existing on the effective date of this Act. The secretary of state shall keep a permanent register of the rules open to public inspection. Rules presently on file in the office of the secretary of state need not be refiled.

2. Each rule hereafter adopted is effective thirty-five days after filing, as required in this section, and indexing and publication as required by section six (6) of this Act, except that:

a. If a later date is required by statute or specified in the rule, the later date is the effective date.

b. Subject to applicable constitutional or statutory provisions, a rule becomes effective immediately upon filing with the secretary of state, or at a subsequent stated date prior to indexing and publication, or at a stated date less than thirty-five days after filing, indexing, and publication, if the agency finds:

(1) That a statute so provides:

(2) That the rule confers a benefit or removes a restriction on

the public or some segment thereof; or

(3) That this effective date is necessary because of imminent peril to the public health, safety, or welfare. In any subsequent action contesting the effective date of a rule promulgated under this paragraph, the burden of proof shall be on the agency to justify its finding. The agency's finding and a brief statement of the reasons therefor shall be filed with and made a part of the rule. Prior to indexing and publication, the agency shall make reasonable efforts to make known to the persons who may be affected by it a rule made effective under the terms of this paragraph.

NEW SECTION. Publication of rules.

1. The Code editor shall cause to be compiled, indexed, and published in loose leaf form all rules adopted by each agency and notice of all proposed rule-making by each agency. The Code editor further shall cause to be distributed supplements to this publication at least every other week which supplements shall contain, in such a form that they may be filed in the appropriate places in the compilation, all rules and notice of proposed rules filed for publication in the prior two weeks. The Code editor shall devise a uniform numbering system for rules and may renumber rules before publication to conform with the system.

2. The Code editor may omit or cause to be omitted from the publication any rule the publication of which would be unduly cumbersome, expensive, or otherwise inexpedient, if the rule in printed or processed form is made available on application to the adopting agency at no more than its cost of reproduction, and if the publication contains a notice stating the specific subject matter of the omitted

rule and stating how a copy thereof may be obtained.

3. This publication, which shall be known as the "Iowa Administrative Code", shall be made available upon request to all persons who subscribe thereto.

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4. All expenses incurred by the Code editor under this section shall be defrayed under the provisions of section fourteen point twentytwo (14.22) of the Code.

NEW SECTION. Petition for adoption of rules. An interested person may petition an agency requesting the promulgation, amendment, or repeal of a rule. Each agency shall prescribe by rule the form for petitions and the procedure for their submission, consideration, and disposition. Within sixty days after submission of a petition, the agency either shall deny the petition in writing on the merits, stating its reasons for the denial, or initiate rule-making proceedings in accordance with section four (4) of this Act, or issue a rule if it is not required to be issued according to the procedures of subsection one (1) of section four (4) of this Act.

NEW SECTION. Administrative rules review committee.

- 1. There is created the administrative rules review committee. The committee shall be bipartisan and shall be composed of the following members:
 - a. Three senators appointed by the president of the senate.b. Three representatives appointed by the speaker of the house.
- 2. A committee member shall be appointed prior to the adjournment of a regular session convened in an odd-numbered year. term of office shall be for four years beginning May first of the year of appointment. However, a member shall serve until a successor is appointed. A vacancy on the committee shall be filled by the original appointing authority for the remainder of the term. A vacancy shall exist whenever a committee member ceases to be a member of the houses from which the member was appointed.

3. A committee member shall be paid a forty dollar per diem for each day in attendance and shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses. There is appropriated from money in the general fund not otherwise appropriated an amount sufficient to pay costs

19 incurred under this section. $\frac{20}{21}$

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4. The committee shall choose a chairperson from its membership and prescribe its rules of procedure. The committee may employ a secretary or may appoint the Code editor or a designee to act as secretary.

5. A regular committee meeting shall be held at the seat of government on the second Tuesday of each month. Unless impracticable in advance of each such meeting the subject matter to be considered shall be published in the "Iowa Administrative Code". A special committee meeting may be called by the chairperson at any place in the state and at any time. Unless impracticable, in advance of each special meeting notice of the time and place of such meeting and the subject matter to be considered shall be published in the "Iowa Administrative Code".

6. The committee shall meet for the purpose of selectively reviewing rules, whether proposed or in effect. A regular or special committee meeting shall be open to the public and an interested person may be heard and present evidence. The committee may require a representative of an agency whose rule or proposed rule is under considera-

tion to attend a committee meeting.

7. The committee may refer a rule to the speaker of the house and the president of the senate at the next regular session of the general assembly. The speaker and the president shall refer such a rule to the appropriate standing committee of the general assembly.

8. If the committee finds objection to a rule, it may utilize the procedure provided in subsection four (4) of section four (4). In addition or in the alternative, the committee may include in the referral, under subsection seven (7) of this section, a recommendation that this rule be overcome by statute. If the committee of the general assembly to which a rule is referred finds objection to the referred rule, it may recommend to the general assembly that this rule be overcome by statute. This section shall not be construed to prevent a committee of the general assembly from reviewing a rule on its own motion.

SEC. 9. NEW SECTION. Declaratory rulings by agencies. Each agency shall provide by rule for the filing and prompt disposition of petitions for declaratory rulings as to the applicability of any statutory provision, rule or other written statement of law or policy, decision, or order of the agency. Rulings disposing of petitions have the same status as agency decisions or orders in contested cases.

SEC. 10. NEW SECTION. Informal settlements—waiver.

1. Unless precluded by statute, informal settlements of controversies that may culminate in contested case proceedings according to the provisions of this Act are encouraged. Agencies shall prescribe by rule specific procedures for attempting such informal settlements prior to the commencement of contested case proceedings. This subsection shall not be construed to require either party to such a controversy to utilize the informal procedures or to settle the controversy pursuant to those informal procedures.

2. The parties to a contested case proceeding may, by written stipulation representing an informed mutual consent, waive any provision of this Act relating to such proceedings. In addition to consenting to such a waiver in individual cases, an agency may, by rule, express its consent to such a waiver as to an entire class of cases.

NEW SECTION. Presiding officer—administrative hear-SEC. 11. ing officers.

1. The presiding officer in evidentiary hearings required to be conducted by an agency according to the provisions of this Act governing contested cases shall be the agency, one or more members of a multi-member agency, or an administrative hearing officer appointed according to the terms of this section. Each agency needing the services of one or more permanent full-time or part-time administrative hearing officers shall appoint as many of them to its staff as are necessary for this purpose. Agencies shall assign administrative hearing officers to cases in rotation unless it is not feasible. Administrative hearing officers shall not perform duties inconsistent with their duties and responsibilities as hearing officers.

2. Administrative hearing officers shall be covered by the merit system of personnel administration, chapter nineteen A (19A) of the Code. The Iowa merit employment department or other appropriate agency specified in section nineteen A point three (19A.3) of the Code shall, insofar as practicable, provide for different classes of administrative hearing officers with different salary scales.

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3. An agency whose work load is such that the appointment of a permanent full-time or part-time administrative hearing officer is unwarranted, or an agency whose work load is such that one or more additional administrative hearing officers are temporarily required, may use administrative hearing officers selected by the Iowa merit employment department from other agencies having hearing officers that are temporarily available and that are qualified to preside at the hearings held by the agency requesting the temporary use of a hearing officer. In cases where an agency borrows one or more administrative hearing officers from other agencies, the salaries and expenses of those administrative hearing officers shall be apportioned and charged to the several agencies according to their use.

SEC. 12. NEW SECTION. Contested cases — notice — hearing records.

- 1. In a contested case, all parties shall be afforded an opportunity for hearing after reasonable notice in writing delivered either by personal service as in civil actions or by certified mail return receipt requested. However, an agency may provide by rule for the delivery of such notice by other means. Delivery of the notice referred to in this subsection shall constitute commencement of the contested case proceeding.
 - 2. The notice shall include:

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- a. A statement of the time, place, and nature of the hearing.
- b. A statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to be held.
- c. A reference to the particular sections of the statutes and rules involved.
- d. A short and plain statement of the matters asserted. agency or other party is unable to state the matters in detail at the time the notice is served, the initial notice may be limited to a statement of the issues involved. Thereafter upon application a more definite and detailed statement shall be furnished.
- 3. If a party fails to appear in a contested case proceeding after proper service of notice, the presiding officer may, if no adjournment

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is granted, proceed with the hearing and make a decision in the ab-22 23 sence of the party. 24

4. Opportunity shall be afforded all parties to respond and present evidence and argument on all issues involved and to be repre-

sented by counsel at their own expense.

- 5. Unless precluded by statute, informal disposition may be made of any contested case by stipulation, agreed settlement, consent order, or default or by another method agreed upon by the parties in writing.
 - 6. The record in a contested case shall include:

a. All pleadings, motions, and intermediate rulings.

b. All evidence received or considered and all other submissions.

c. A statement of all matters officially noticed.

d. All questions and offers of proof, objections, and rulings thereon.

e. All proposed findings and exceptions.

f. Any decision, opinion, or report by the officer presiding at the hearing.

- 7. Oral proceedings shall be open to the public and shall be recorded either by mechanized means or by certified shorthand report-Oral proceedings or any part thereof shall be transcribed at the request of any party with the expense of the transcription charged to the requesting party. The recording or stenographic notes of oral proceedings or the transcription thereof shall be filed with and maintained by the agency for at least five years from the date of decision.
- 8. Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence in the record and on matters officially noticed in the record.

- SEC. 13. NEW SECTION. Subpoenas—discovery.

 1. Agencies shall have all subpoena powers conferred upon them by their enabling acts or other statutes. In addition, prior to the commencement of a contested case by the notice referred to in subsection one (1) of section twelve (12) of this Act an agency having power to decide such cases shall have authority to subpoena books, papers, records, and any other real evidence necessary for the agency to determine whether it should institute such a contested case proceeding. After the commencement of a contested case, each agency having power to decide contested cases shall have authority to administer oaths and to issue subpoenas in such cases. Discovery procedures applicable to civil actions shall be available to all parties in contested cases before an agency. Evidence obtained in such discovery may be used in the hearing before the agency if that evidence would otherwise be admissible in the agency hearing. Agency subpoenas shall be issued to a party on request. On contest, the court shall sustain the subpoene or similar process. sustain the subpoena or similar process or demand to the extent that it is found to be in accordance with the law applicable to the issuance of subpoenas or discovery in civil actions. In proceedings for enforcement, the court shall issue an order requiring the appearance of the witness or the production of the evidence or data within a reasonable time under penalty of punishment for contempt in cases of willful failure to comply.
- 2. An agency that relies on a witness in a contested case, whether or not an agency employee, who has made prior statements or reports with respect to the subject matter of the witness' testimony, shall,

on request, make such statements or reports available to parties for use on cross-examination, unless those statements or reports are otherwise expressly exempt from disclosure by constitution or statute. Identifiable agency records that are relevant to disputed material facts involved in a contested case, shall, upon request, promptly be made available to a party unless the requested records are expressly exempt from disclosure by constitution or statute.

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SEC. 14. NEW SECTION. Rules of evidence—official notice. In contested cases:

1. Irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence should be excluded. A finding shall be based upon the kind of evidence on which reasonably prudent persons are accustomed to rely for the conduct of their serious affairs, and may be based upon such evidence even if it would be inadmissible in a jury trial. Agencies shall give effect to the rules of privilege recognized by law. Objections to evidentiary offers may be made and shall be noted in the record. Subject to these requirements, when a hearing will be expedited and the interests of the parties will not be prejudiced substantially, any part of the evidence may be required to be submitted in verified written form.

2. Documentary evidence may be received in the form of copies or excerpts, if the original is not readily available. Upon request, parties shall be given an opportunity to compare the copy with the original, if available.

3. Witnesses at the hearing, or persons whose testimony has been submitted in written form if available, shall be subject to cross-examination by any party as necessary for a full and true disclosure of the facts.

4. Official notice may be taken of all facts of which judicial notice may be taken and of other facts within the specialized knowledge of the agency. Parties shall be notified at the earliest practicable time, either before or during the hearing, or by reference in preliminary reports, preliminary decisions or otherwise, of the facts proposed to be noticed and their source, including any staff memoranda or data, and the parties shall be afforded an opportunity to contest such facts before the decision is announced unless the agency determines as part of the record or decision that fairness to the parties does not require an opportunity to contest such facts.

5. The agency's experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge may be utilized in the evaluation of the evidence.

SEC. 15. NEW SECTION. Final decisions — proposed decisions — conclusiveness—review by the agency.

1. When the agency presides at the reception of the evidence in a contested case, the decision of the agency is a final decision.

2. When the agency did not preside at the reception of the evidence in a contested case, the presiding officer shall make a proposed decision. Findings of fact shall be prepared by the officer presiding at the reception of the evidence in a contested case unless the officer becomes unavailable to the agency. If the officer is unavailable, the findings of fact may be prepared by another person qualified to be a presiding officer who has read the record, unless demeanor of witnesses is a substantial factor. If demeanor is a substantial factor and the presiding officer is unavailable, the portions of the hearing

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14 involving demeanor shall be heard again or the case shall be dis-15 missed.

3. When the presiding officer makes a proposed decision, that decision then becomes the final decision of the agency without further proceedings unless there is an appeal to, or review on motion of, the agency within the time provided by rule. On appeal from or review of the proposed decision, the agency has all the power which it would have in initially making the final decision except as it may limit the issues on notice to the parties or by rule. In cases where there is an appeal from a proposed decision or where a proposed decision is reviewed on motion of the agency, an opportunity shall be afforded to each party to file exceptions, present briefs and, with the consent of the agency, present oral arguments to the agency members who are to render the final decision.

4. This section shall not preclude an agency from instituting a system whereby the proposed decision of a presiding officer in a contested case may be appealed to, or reviewed on motion of, a body consisting of one or more persons that is between the presiding officer and the agency. If an agency institutes such a system of intermediate review, the proposed decision of the presiding officer becomes the final decision of the agency without further proceedings unless there is an appeal to, or review on motion of, the intermediate reviewing body within the time provided by rule. An intermediate reviewing body may be vested with all or a part of the power which it would have in initially making the decision. A decision of such an intermediate reviewing body is also a proposed decision and shall become the final decision of the agency without further proceedings unless there is an appeal to, or review on motion of, the agency within the time provided by rule. In cases where there is an appeal from a proposed decision rendered by a presiding officer to an intermediate reviewing body, or where such a proposed decision is reviewed on motion of an intermediate reviewing body, an opportunity shall be afforded to each party to file exceptions, present briefs and, with the consent of the intermediate reviewing body, present oral arguments to those who are to render the decision.

5. When an appeal from an agency decision in a contested case may be taken to another agency pursuant to statute, or a second agency may according to statute review on its own motion the decision in a contested case by the first agency, the appeal or review shall be deemed a continuous proceeding as though before one agency. A decision of the first agency in such a case is a proposed decision and shall become the final decision without further proceedings unless there is an appeal to, or review on motion of, the second agency within the time provided by statute or rule. In deciding an appeal from or review of a proposed decision of the first agency, the second agency shall have all those powers conferred upon it by statute and shall afford each party an opportunity to file exceptions, present briefs and, with its consent, present oral arguments to agency members who are to render the final decision.

SEC. 16. NEW SECTION. Decisions and orders—rehearing.

1. A proposed or final decision or order in a contested case shall be in writing or stated in the record. A proposed or final decision shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law, separately

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stated. Findings of fact, if set forth in statutory language, shall be accompanied by a concise and explicit statement of underlying facts supporting the findings. If, in accordance with agency rules, a party submitted proposed findings of fact, the decision shall include a ruling upon each proposed finding. Each conclusion of law shall be supported by cited authority or by a reasoned opinion. Parties shall be promptly notified of each proposed or final decision or order by the delivery to them of a copy of such decision or order in the manner provided by subsection one (1) of section twelve (12) of this Act.

2. Any party may file an application for rehearing, stating the specific grounds therefor and the relief sought, within twenty days after the issuance of any final decision by the agency in a contested case. A copy of such application shall be timely mailed by the applicant to all parties of record not joining therein. Such an application for rehearing shall be deemed to have been denied unless the agency grants the application within twenty days after its filing.

SEC. 17. NEW SECTION. Ex parte communications and separation of functions.

1. Unless required for the disposition of ex parte matters specifically authorized by statute, individuals assigned to render a proposed or final decision or to make findings of fact and conclusions of law in a contested case, shall not communicate, directly or indirectly, in connection with any issue of fact or law in that contested case, with any person or party, except upon notice and opportunity for all parties to participate as shall be provided for by agency rules.

However, without such notice and opportunity for all parties to participate, individuals assigned to render a proposed or final decision or to make findings of fact and conclusions of law in a contested case may communicate with members of the agency, and may have the aid and advice of persons other than those with a personal interest in, or those engaged in prosecuting or advocating in, either the case under consideration or a pending factually related case involving the same parties.

2. Unless required for the disposition of ex parte matters specifically authorized by statute, parties or their representatives in a contested case shall not communicate, directly or indirectly, in connection with any issue of fact or law in that contested case, with individuals assigned to render a proposed or final decision or to make findings of fact and conclusions of law in that contested case, except upon notice and opportunity for all parties to participate as shall be provided for by agency rules. The agency's rules may require the recipient of a prohibited communication to submit the communication if written or a summary of the communication if oral for inclusion in the record of the proceeding. As sanctions for violations, the rules may provide for a decision against a party who violates the rules; for censuring, suspending, or revoking a privilege to practice before the agency; and for censuring, suspending, or dismissing agency personnel.

3. No individual who participates in the making of any proposed or final decision in a contested case shall have prosecuted or advocated in connection with that case, the specific controversy underlying that case, or another pending factually related contested case, or pending factually related controversy that may culminate in a con-

tested case, involving the same parties. Nor shall any such individual be subject to the authority, direction, or discretion of any person who has prosecuted or advocated in connection with that contested case, the specific controversy underlying that contested case, or a pending factually related contested case or controversy, involving the same parties.

4. A party to a contested case proceeding may file a timely and sufficient affidavit asserting disqualification according to the provisions of subsection three (3) of this section, or asserting personal bias of an individual participating in the making of any proposed or final decision in that case. The agency shall determine the matter as part of the record in the case. When an agency in these circumstances makes such a determination with respect to an agency member, that determination shall be subject to de novo judicial review in any subsequent review proceeding of the case.

SEC. 18. NEW SECTION. Licenses.

1. When the grant, denial, or renewal of a license is required by constitution or statute to be preceded by notice and opportunity for an evidentiary hearing, the provisions of this Act concerning contested cases apply.

2. When a licensee has made timely and sufficient application for the renewal of a license or a new license with reference to any activity of a continuing nature, the existing license does not expire until the application has been finally determined by the agency, and, in case the application is denied or the terms of the new license limited, until the last day for seeking judicial review of the agency order or a later date fixed by order of the agency or the reviewing court.

- 3. No revocation, suspension, annulment, or withdrawal, in whole or in part, of any license is lawful unless, prior to the institution of agency proceedings, the agency gave written, timely notice by personal service as in civil actions or by restricted certified mail to the licensee of facts or conduct and the provisions of law which warrant the intended action, and the licensee was given an opportunity to show, in an evidentiary hearing conducted according to the provisions of this Act for contested cases, compliance with all lawful requirements for the retention of the license. If the agency finds that public health, safety, or welfare imperatively requires emergency action, and incorporates a finding to that effect in its order, summary suspension of a license may be ordered pending proceedings for revocation or other action. These proceedings shall be promptly instituted and determined.
- SEC. 19. NEW SECTION. Judicial review. Except as expressly provided otherwise by another statute referring to this Act by name, the judicial review provisions of this Act shall be the exclusive means by which a person or party who is aggrieved or adversely affected by agency action may seek judicial review of such agency action. However, nothing in this Act shall abridge or deny to any person or party who is aggrieved or adversely affected by any agency action the right to seek relief from such action in the courts.
- 9 1. A person or party who has exhausted all adequate administra-10 tive remedies and who is aggrieved or adversely affected by any 11 final agency action is entitled to judicial review thereof under this

12 When agency action is pursuant to rate regulatory powers 13 over public utilities or common carriers and the aggrievement or ad-14 verse effect is to the rates or charges of a public utility or common 15 carrier, the agency action shall not be final until all agency reme-16 dies have been exhausted and a decision prescribing rates which sat-17 isfy the requirements of those provisions of the Code has been ren-A preliminary, procedural, or intermediate agency action is 18 19 immediately reviewable if all adequate administrative remedies have 20 been exhausted and review of the final agency action would not provide an adequate remedy. If a declaratory ruling has not been ren-21 22 dered within thirty days after the filing of a petition therefor under **2**3 section nine (9) of this Act, or if the agency declines to issue such 24 a declaratory ruling after receipt of a petition therefor, any adminis-25 trative remedy available under section nine (9) of this Act shall be 26 deemed inadequate or exhausted.

2. Proceedings for judicial review shall be instituted by filing a petition either in Polk county district court or in the district court for the county in which the petitioner resides or has its principal place of business. When a proceeding for judicial review has been commenced, a court may, in the interest of justice, transfer the proceeding to another county where the venue is proper. Within ten days after the filing of a petition for judicial review file stamped copies of the petition shall be mailed by the petitioner to all parties named in the petition and, if the petition involves review of agency action in a contested case, all parties of record in that case before Such mailing shall be jurisdictional and shall be adthe agency. dressed to the parties at their last known mailing address. Proof of mailing shall be by affidavit. Any party of record in a contested case before an agency wishing to intervene and participate in the review proceeding thereon must file an appearance within forty-five days from the time the petition is filed.

3. If a party files an application under subsection two (2) of section sixteen (16) of this Act for rehearing with the agency, the petition for judicial review must be filed within thirty days after that application has been denied or deemed denied. If a party does not file an application under subsection two (2) of section sixteen (16) of this Act for rehearing, the petition must be filed within thirty days after the issuance of the agency's final decision in that contested case. If an application for rehearing is granted, the petition for review must be filed within thirty days after the issuance of the agency's final decision on rehearing. In cases involving a petition for judicial review of agency action other than the decision in a contested case, the petition may be filed at any time petitioner is aggrieved or adversely affected by that action.

4. The petition for review shall name the agency as respondent and shall contain a concise statement of:

a. The nature of the agency action which is the subject of the petition.

- b. The particular agency action appealed from.
- c. The facts on which venue is based.
- d. The grounds on which relief is sought.
- e. The relief sought.

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5. The filing of the petition for review does not itself stay execution or enforcement of any agency action. Upon application the

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agency or the reviewing court may, in appropriate cases, order such 66 a stay pending the outcome of the judicial review proceedings. 67

- 6. Within thirty days after filing of the petition, or within further time allowed by the court, the agency shall transmit to the reviewing court the original or a certified copy of the entire record of any contested case which may be the subject of the petition. By stipulation of all parties to the review proceedings, the record of such a case may be shortened. A party unreasonably refusing to stipulate to limit the record may be taxed by the court for the additional costs. The court may require or permit subsequent corrections or additions to the record.
- 7. In proceedings for judicial review of agency action a court may hear and consider such evidence as it deems appropriate. In proceedings for judicial review of agency action in a contested case, however, a court shall not itself hear any further evidence with respect to those issues of fact whose determination was entrusted by constitution or statute to the agency in that contested case proceeding. Before the date set for hearing a petition for judicial review of agency action in a contested case, application may be made to the court for leave to present evidence in addition to that found in the record of the case. If it is shown to the satisfaction of the court that the additional evidence is material and that there were good reasons for failure to present it in the contested case proceeding before the agency, the court may order that the additional evidence be taken before the agency upon conditions determined by the court. The agency may modify its findings and decision in the case by reason of the additional evidence and shall file that evidence and any modifications, new findings, or decisions with the reviewing court and mail copies of the new findings or decisions to all parties.
- 8. The court may affirm the agency action or remand to the agency for further proceedings. The court shall reverse, modify, or grant any other appropriate relief from the agency action, equitable or legal and including declaratory relief, if substantial rights of the petitioner have been prejudiced because the agency action is:
 - a. In violation of constitutional or statutory provisions;
 - b. In excess of the statutory authority of the agency;
 - c. In violation of an agency rule; d. Made upon unlawful procedure;
 - e. Affected by other error of law;
- f. In a contested case, unsupported by substantial evidence in the record made before the agency when that record is viewed as a whole; or
- 108 g. Unreasonable, arbitrary or capricious or characterized by an abuse of discretion or a clearly unwarranted exercise of discretion. 109
 - SEC. 20. NEW SECTION. Appeals. An aggrieved or adversely affected party to the judicial review proceeding may obtain a review of any final judgment of the district court under this Act by appeal 3 to the supreme court. The appeal shall be taken as in other civil 4 cases, although the appeal may be taken regardless of the amount 5 6 involved.
 - 1 NEW SECTION. Inconsistency with federal law. If it is Sec. 21. determined by the attorney general that any provision of this Act

would cause denial of funds or services from the United States government which would otherwise be available to an agency of this state, or would otherwise be inconsistent with requirements of federal law, such provision shall be suspended as to such agency, but only to the extent necessary to prevent denial of such funds or services or to eliminate the inconsistency with federal requirements. If the attorney general makes such a suspension determination, he shall report it to the general assembly at its next session. This report shall include any recommendations in regard to corrective legislation needed to conform this Act with the federal law.

SEC. 22. NEW SECTION. Agency authority to implement Act. Agencies shall have all the authority necessary to comply with the requirements of this Act through the issuance of rules or otherwise.

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SEC. 23. NEW SECTION. Construction of Act. Except as expressly provided otherwise by this Act or by another statute referring to this Act by name, the rights created and the requirements imposed by this Act shall be in addition to those created or imposed by every other statute now in existence or hereafter enacted. If any other statute now in existence or hereafter enacted diminishes any right conferred upon a person by this Act or diminishes any requirement imposed upon an agency by this Act, this Act shall take precedence unless the other statute expressly provides that it shall take precedence over all or some specified portion of this named Act.

The "Iowa Administrative Procedure Act" shall be construed broadly to effectuate its purposes. This Act shall also be construed to apply to all agencies not expressly exempted by this Act or by another statute specifically referring to this Act by name; and except as to proceedings in process on its effective date, this Act shall be construed to apply to all covered agency proceedings and all agency action not expressly exempted by this Act or by another statute specifically referring to this Act by name.

1 SEC. 24. Effective date. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2 1975, except that sections twenty-five (25) and twenty-six (26) of 3 this Act shall be effective July 1, 1974.

SEC. 25. This Act shall be printed in the Code of Iowa 1975. In the Code of Iowa 1975, the Code editor shall designate sections one (1) through twenty-three (23) of this Act as chapter seventeen A (17A).

SEC. 26. No new edition of the "Iowa Departmental Rules" volume shall be issued. Supplements to the 1973 "Iowa Departmental Rules" volume shall continue to be issued until the "Iowa Administrative Code" is published.

SEC. 27. Section fourteen point six (14.6), subsections five (5), as amended by Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter one hundred twenty-two (122), and six (6), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsections and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

5. Prescribe a uniform style and form by which an agency shall prepare and file a rule pursuant to chapter seventeen A (17A) which

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- 8 shall correlate each rule to a uniform numbering system devised by 9 the Code editor.
- 6. Notify an agency whose rule is not in the proper style and form pursuant to subsection five (5) of this section. If the rule is not properly redrafted within six months of notification, it shall be void.

1 Sec. 28. Section sixteen point twenty-four (16.24), unnumbered 2 paragraph one (1), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows: 3 The superintendent of printing shall make free distribution of the

4 Code, the *Iowa administrative code*, rules of civil procedure and 5 supreme court rules, and of the Acts of each general assembly, as 6 follows:

SEC. 29. Section seventeen point twenty-one (17.21), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

17.21 Legal publications. The Code or supplements thereto, Iowa departmental rules administrative code, rules of civil procedure and supreme court rules, session laws, annotations, tables of corresponding sections, and reports of the supreme court, unless otherwise specifically provided by law, shall be printed, and paid for in the same

manner as other public printing.

SEC. 30. Section seventeen point twenty-two (17.22), unnumbered paragraphs one (1) and two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

17.22 Price. Said publications shall be sold at a price to be established by dividing the total cost only, of printing, binding and paper stock by the total number printed of each edition.

1. Code or supplements thereto and Iowa departmental rules ad-

ministrative code.

2. Session laws.

3. Daily journals and bills.

4. Book of annotations to the Code.

5. Supplements to the book of annotations.

6. Tables of corresponding sections to the Code.

7. Reports of the supreme court.

8. Rules of civil procedure and supreme court rules.

The Iowa departmental rules administrative code shall be distrib-16 uted with each order for purchase of the Code and the price set for 17 the Code and departmental rules Iowa administrative code as pro-18 vided above shall include the cost of both the Code and departmental 19 rules Iowa administrative code. The departmental rules However, the 20 Iowa administrative code or its supplements may also be distributed 21 separately. There shall be established a price for the Iowa adminis-22 trative code and a separate price for its supplements. The price 23 charged for the Iowa administrative code or its supplements shall 24represent the cost of compiling and indexing plus the amount charged 25 26 for the printing and distributing of the Iowa administrative code or 27 its supplements.

SEC. 31. Section seventeen point twenty-seven (17.27), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1973, as amended by Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapters one hundred

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twenty (120) and one hundred twenty-two (122), is amended to read as follows:

When such publications, except supplements to the Iowa administrative code, paid for by public funds furnished by the state, contain reprints of statutes or departmental rules, or both, they shall be sold and distributed at cost by the department ordering same if the cost per publication is one dollar or more, unless a central library or depository is established. Such publications shall be obtained from the superintendent of printing on requisition by the department and the selling price, if any, shall be determined by the superintendent by dividing the total cost of printing, paper and binding by the number printed. Said price shall be set at the nearest multiple of ten to the quotient thus obtained. Distribution of such publications shall be made by the superintendent gratis to public officers, purchasers of licenses from state departments required by statute, and departments. Funds from the sale of such publications shall be deposited monthly in the general fund of the state.

SEC. 32. Section nineteen A point thirteen (19A.13), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

19A.13 Certification of payrolls—actions. No state disbursing or auditing officer shall make or approve or take part in making or approving any payment for personal service to any person holding a position in the merit system unless the payroll voucher or account of such pay bears the certification of the director, or of his authorized agent, that the persons named therein have been appointed and employed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the rules, regulations, and orders thereunder, and that funds are available for the payment of the persons.

The director may for proper cause withhold certification from an entire payroll or from any specific item or items thereon. The director may, however, provide that certification of payrolls may be made once every six months, and such certification shall remain in effect except in the case of any officer or employee whose status has changed after the last certification of his payroll. In the latter case no voucher for payment of salary to such employee shall be issued or payment of salary made without further certification by the director.

Any citizen may maintain a suit an action in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act to restrain a disbursing officer from making any payment in contravention of any provision of this chapter, rule, or order thereunder. Any sum paid contrary to any provision of this chapter or any rule, regulation, or order thereunder may be recovered in an action in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act maintained by any citizen, from any officer who made, approved, or authorized such payment or who signed or countersigned a voucher, payroll, check, or warrant for such payment, or from the sureties on the official bond of any such officer. All moneys recovered in any such action shall be paid into the state treasury.

Any person appointed or employed in contravention of any provision of this chapter or of any rule, regulation, or order thereunder who performs service for which he is not paid, may maintain an action in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure

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Act against the officer or officers who purported so to appoint or employ him to recover the agreed pay for such services or the reasonable value thereof if no pay was agreed upon. No officer shall be reimbursed by the state at any time for any sum paid to such person on account of such services.

If the director wrongfully withholds certification of the payroll voucher or account of any employee, such employee may maintain a proceeding in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act in the courts to compel the director to certify such a payroll voucher or account.

SEC. 33. Section nineteen A point fourteen (19A.14), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Appeal to appointing authority. Any employee who is discharged, suspended, or reduced in rank or grade, except during his probation period, may appeal to the appointing authority and if not satisfied, may, within thirty days after such discharge, reduction, or suspension appeal to the commission for review thereof. Upon such review, both the appealing employee and the appointing authority whose action is reviewed shall, within thirty days following the date of filing of the appeal to the commission, have the right to a hearing closed to the public, unless a public hearing is requested by the employee, and to present evidentiary facts thereat. Technical rules of evidence shall not apply at any hearing so held. If the commission finds that the action complained of was taken by the appointing authority for any political, religious, racial, national origin, sex, age or nonmerit reasons, the employee shall be reinstated to his former position without loss of pay for the period of the suspension. In all other cases the merit employment commission shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine the rights of merit system employees and may affirm, modify, or reverse any case on its merits. The employee or the state may obtain judicial review of the commission's decision by writ of certiorari as provided by division XIV of the rules of civil procedure. Judicial review of the action of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 34. Section twenty-three point fifteen (23.15), unnumbered paragraph one (1), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

The appeal board shall determine the matters involved in such appeal and its decision shall be final, unless either party, within thirty days from the making of such decision, gives notice to the other party of an appeal to the district court from such decision. Its decision shall be certified to the executive officer of the municipality affected. Judicial review of the action of the appeal board may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 35. Section twenty-nine A point twenty-seven (29A.27), unnumbered paragraph six (6), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Any party aggrieved by any decision of a board provided in this section shall have the right of appeal to the district court of the state of Iowa in and for the county of his legal residence Judicial review of any decision of the board may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding

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the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review must be filed within a period of thirty days from date of mailing by the adjutant general by certified mail of notice of such decision. The appeal shall be perfected by filing in the office of the adjutant general a written notice of appeal setting forth the order or finding from which appealed and the grounds of the appeal. Within thirty days after the filing of such netice of appeal a petition for judicial review, the adjutant general shall make, certify, and file in the office of the clerk of the district court to which the appeal is taken in which the judicial review is sought a full and complete transcript of all documents in the proceeding. The transcript shall include the netice of appeal, any depositions, and a transcript or certification of the evidence, if reported. The elerk shall ferthwith decket such appeal. The appeal shall be heard in such district court as in equity de nevo. Appeal may be taken to the supreme court from any final erder er judgment er deeree ef the district court. The attorney general of Iowa, upon the request of the adjutant general, shall represent the board appointed by the adjutant general against whom any such appeal has been instituted.

SEC. 36. Section thirty-five A point seven (35A.7), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Duties of bonus board. It shall be the duty of the bonus board created by section 35.1 to administer the provisions of this chapter, to examine all applications and approve or disapprove the same and make any investigation necessary to establish facts. In the event an application is disapproved by the bonus board, the claimant shall have the right of appeal to the district court of the state of Iowa in and for the county of his legal residence Judicial review of any decision of the board may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review must be filed within a period of thirty days from date of mailing by certified mail of notice of such disapproval. The appeal shall be perfected by filing in the effice of the bonus board, a written netice of appeal setting forth the order or finding appealed from and the grounds of the appeal. Within thirty days after the filing of such netice of appeal a petition for judicial review the bonus board shall make, certify and file in the office of the clerk of the district court to which the appeal is taken in which the judicial review is sought, a full and complete transcript of all documents in the proceeding, including any depositions, a transcript or certification of the evidence. if reported, including the notice of appeal. The clerk shall forthwith decket such appeal. The appeal shall be heard in such district court as in equity de nove. Appeal may be taken to the supreme court from any final erder or judgment or decree of the district court. When any application has been approved by the bonus board, payment shall be made to the applicant in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. It shall be the duty of the bonus board to prepare youchers and transmit the same to the state comptroller in payment of the bonus claims provided for herein and other necessary administrative expenses; said state comptroller shall issue a warrant for the amount stated therein and the state treasurer shall pay such warrants out of said bonus fund. The bonus board is hereby empowered to employ

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40 41 such assistants and incur such other expenses as may be necessary for such administration and carrying out of the provisions of this chapter, and the funds necessary for such administration and carrying out the provisions of this chapter shall be expended from said compensation fund; such assistants as said bonus board may determine shall give bond in such amount as may be fixed by said bonus board, and shall, whenever practicable, be persons within the classes as defined in section 35A.4. The bonus board is hereby empowered to make, adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations for the carrying out of the provisions of this chapter as it deems necessary and expedient and which are not inconsistent with any provisions of this chapter.

SEC. 37. Section thirty-five B point seven (35B.7), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Duties. It shall be the duty of the said board to administer the provisions of this chapter, to examine all applications and approve or disapprove the same and make any investigation necessary to establish facts. In the event an application is disappreved by the beard, the claimant shall have the right of appeal to the district court of the state of Iewa in and for the county of his legal residence Judicial review of any decision of the board may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review must be filed within a period of thirty days from date of mailing by certified mail of notice of such disapproval. The appeal shall be perfected by filing in the office of the board, a written netice of appeal setting forth the order or finding appealed from and the grounds of the appeal. Within thirty days after the filing of such notice of appeal a petition for judicial review the board shall make, certify and file in the office of the clerk of the district court to which the appeal is taken, in which the judicial review is sought a full and complete transcript of all documents in the proceeding, including any depositions, a transcript or certification of the evidence, if reported, including the notice of appeal. The clerk shall forthwith decket such appeal. The appeal shall be heard in such district court as in equity de neve. Appeal may be taken to the supreme court from any final erder er judgment er decree ef the district court. When any application has been approved by the board, payment shall be made to the applicant in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. It shall be the duty of the board to prepare vouchers and transmit the same to the state comptroller in payment of the bonus claims provided for herein and other necessary administrative expenses; said state comptroller shall issue a warrant for the amount stated therein and the state treasurer shall pay such warrants out of said bonus fund. The board is hereby empowered to employ such assistants and incur such other expenses as may be necessary for such administration and carrying out of the provisions of this chapter, and the funds necessary for such administration and carrying out the provisions of this chapter shall be expended from said compensation fund; such assistants as said board may determine shall give bond in such amount as may be fixed by said board, and shall, whenever practicable, be persons within the classes as defined in section 35B.4. The board is hereby empowered to make, adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations

for the carrying out of the provisions of this chapter as it deems necessary and expedient and which are not inconsistent with any provisions of this chapter.

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SEC. 38. Section seventy point four (70.4), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

70.4 Mandamus Judicial review. A refusal to allow said preference, or a reduction of the salary for said position with intent to bring about the resignation or discharge of the incumbent, shall entitle the applicant or incumbent, as the case may be, to maintain an action of mandamus to right the wrong. At their election such parties may, in the alternative, maintain an action for judicial review in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act if that is otherwise applicable to their case.

SEC. 39. Section seventy point five (70.5), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

2 3 Appeals. In addition to the remedy provided in section 70.4, an appeal may be taken by any person belonging to any of the 4 classes of persons to whom a preference is hereby granted, from any 5 6 refusal to allow said preference, as provided in this chapter, to the 7 district court of the county in which such refusal occurs. The appeal 8 shall be made by serving upon the appointing board within twenty 9 days after the date of the refusal of said appointing officer, board, or 10 persons to allow said preference, a written notice of such appeal stating the grounds of the appeal; a demand in writing for a certified 11 transcript of the record, and all papers on file in his office affecting 12 or relating to said appointment. Thereupon, said appointing officer, 13 board, or person shall, within ten days, make, certify, and deliver to 14 appellant such a transcript; and the appellant shall, within five days 15 thereafter, file the same and a copy of the notice of appeal with the 16 17 clerk of said court, and said notice of appeal shall stand as appellant's 18 complaint and thereupon said cause shall be accorded such prefer-19 ence in its assignment for trial as to assure its prompt disposition. 20 The court shall receive and consider any pertinent evidence, whether oral or documentary, concerning said appointment from which the 21 appeal is taken, and if the court shall find that the said applicant is 22 23 qualified as defined in section 70.1, to hold the position for which he has applied, said court shall, by its mandate, specifically direct the said appointing officer, board or persons as to their further action in 24 25 the matter. An appeal may be taken from judgment of the said dis-26trict court on any such appeal on the same terms as an appeal is 27 taken in civil actions. At their election parties entitled to appeal 28 under this section may, in the alternative, maintain an action for 29 judicial review in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administra-30 tive Procedure Act if that is otherwise applicable to their case. 31

SEC. 40. Section seventy point six (70.6), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

70.6 Removal—certierari to review. No person holding a public position by appointment or employment, and belonging to any of the classes of persons to whom a preference is herein granted, shall be removed from such position or employment except for incompetency or misconduct shown after a hearing, upon due notice, upon stated charges, and with the right of such employee or appointee to a review

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by a writ of certiorari or at such person's election, to judicial review
 in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure
 Act if that is otherwise applicable to their case.

SEC. 41. Section eighty point fifteen (80.15), Code 1973, is

amended to read as follows: Examination—oath—probation—dismissal. No applicant for membership in the department of public safety, except clerical workers and special agents appointed under section 80.7, shall be appointed as a member until he has passed a satisfactory physical and mental examination. In addition, such applicant must be a citizen of the United States, of good moral character, and be not less than twenty-two years of age. The mental examination shall be conducted under the direction or supervision of the commissioner of public safety and may be oral or written or both. Each applicant shall take an oath on becoming a member of the force, to uphold the laws and Constitution of the United States and of the state of Iowa. During the period of twelve months after appointment, any member of the department of public safety, except members of the present Iowa highway safety patrol who have served more than six months, shall be subject to dismissal at the will of the commissioner. After the twelve months' service, no member of the department, who shall have been appointed after having passed the before-mentioned examinations, shall be subject to dismissal unless charges have been filed with the secretary of the executive council and a hearing held before the executive council, if requested by said member of the department, at which he shall have an opportunity to present his defense to such charges. The decision of the executive council by majority vote shall be final, subject to the right of appeal by the employee to judicial review in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. the district court of Polk county, or to the district court of the county in Iowa in which the employee resides, within thirty days after he shall have received notice of the decision of the executive council. All rules and regulations regarding the enlistment, appointment, and employment affecting the personnel of the department shall be established by the commissioner with the approval of

SEC. 42. Section eighty-three A point eleven (83A.11), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

83A.11 Judicial review. Judicial review of the action of the board or department may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

1 SEC. 43. Section eighty-four point fourteen (84.14), Code 1973, is 2 amended to read as follows:

84.14 Appeal to district court—procedure of appeal.

1. Any person adversely affected by an order entered by the council, may appeal from such order to the district court at the seat of government or Judicial review of action of the council may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of Polk county or in the district court of any county in which the prop-

erty affected or some portion thereof is located er to the court of last appeal. Notice of appeal must be filed by such person with the council within thirty days after the entry of the order complained of, or within thirty days after the entry of the order everruling a motion for rehearing or sustaining the original order in the event a motion for rehearing has been filed. The notice of appeal must identify the order and the grounds of appeal, and reasonably specify that portion of the record which the appellant desires included in the transcript upon appeal. Immediately upon the filing of the notice of appeal the council shall certify to the appellant the estimated cost of preparing the transcript of appeal of the proceedings upon which the order complained of was entered. The amount of the estimated cost must be deposited with the council within ten days after the mailing of the certification of the costs to the appellant. Upon the deposit of the eests the council shall prepare and certify the transcript. The transcript shall be delivered to the appellant, or his designated attorney, within sixty days after the filing of the notice of appeal.

2. Within ninety days after the filing of the notice of appeal, the appellant must file in the district court the transcript of the proceedings before the council, together with a petition for review which states briefly the grounds for the appeal. An appeal shall be perfected by filing the notice of appeal within the specified thirty-day period. The appeal may be dismissed by the district court for failure of the appellant to make the required cost deposit or to file the transcript and petition for review within the time specified, unless for good cause shown the time is extended by order of the district court. If the district court deems the transcript insufficient, the court may dismiss the appeal or return the transcript to the appellant for proper additions, and thereafter assess such further costs against the appel-

lant as the court in its discretion deems sufficient.

3. At 2. If at the time of filing of the notice of appeal, if an application for the petition for judicial review suspension of the order is filed asked for, the council shall enter an order fixing the amount of the supersedeas bond. Within ten days after the entry of an order by the council which fixes the amount of the bond, the appellant petitioner must file with the council a supersedeas bond in the required amount and with proper surety; upon approval of the bond, the council shall suspend the order complained of until its final disposition upon appeal review. The bond shall run in favor of the state of Iowa for the use and benefit of any person who may suffer damage by reason of the suspension of the order in the event the same is affirmed by the district court. If the order of the council is not superseded, it shall continue in force and effect as if no appeal petition for judicial review was pending.

4. The district court shall, insofar as is practicable, give precedence to appeals from petitions for judicial review of orders of the council. Upon the appeal of such an order the district court shall review the proceedings before the council as disclosed by the transcript upon appeal, and thereafter enter its judgment affirming or reversing the order appealed. Orders of the council shall be sustained if the council has regularly pursued its authority and its findings and conclusions are sustained by the law and by substantial and oredible

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SEC. 44. Section eighty-five point fifty-nine (85.59), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

85.59 Payment of state employees. The state comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to draw warrants on the state treasury for any and all amounts due state employees under the provisions of this chapter upon there being filed in his office, either a memorandum of settlement approved by the industrial commissioner or of an award made by a board of arbitration, for which no review is pending, or an order of the industrial commissioner from which no appeal has been taken judicial review has not been sought, or a judgment of any court of the state accompanied by a certificate of the industrial commissioner setting forth the amount of compensation due and the statutory provisions under which the same should be paid.

SEC. 45. Section eighty-five A point fifteen (85A.15), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

85A.15 Employers limit of liability. Payments of compensation and compliance with other provisions herein by the employer or his insurance carrier in accordance with the findings and orders of the industrial commissioner or the appellate court in appealed eases judicial review proceedings, shall discharge such employer from any and all further obligation.

SEC. 46. Section eighty-five point seventy (85.70), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Additional payment for attendance. An employee who has 85.70 sustained an injury resulting in permanent partial or permanent total disability, for which compensation is payable under this chapter, and who cannot return to gainful employment because of such disability, shall upon application to and approval by the industrial commissioner be entitled to a twenty-dollar weekly payment from the employer in addition to any other benefit payments, during each full week in which he is actively participating in a vocational rehabilitation program recognized by the state board for vocational education. industrial commissioner's approval of such application for payment may be given only after a careful evaluation of available facts, and after consultation with the employer or the employer's representative. An appeal of the Judicial review of the decision of the industrial commissioner may be taken to the district court as prescribed in obtained in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act and section 86.26. Such additional benefit payment shall be paid for a period not to exceed thirteen consecutive weeks except that the industrial commissioner may extend the period of payment not to exceed an additional thirteen weeks if the circumstances indicate that a continuation of training will in fact accomplish rehabilitation.

SEC. 47. Section eighty-six point twenty-six (86.26), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

86.26 Judicial review. Judicial review of decisions or orders of the industrial commissioner in a proceeding on review of an arbitration decision may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which the hearing

- 10 under section eighty-six point seventeen (86.17) of the Code, was Such a review proceeding shall be accorded priority over 11 12 other matters pending before the district court.
 - SEC. 48. Section eighty-six point twenty-seven (86.27), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof 3 the following:

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- 86.27 Settlement of controversy. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, no party to a contested case under any provision of the "Workman's Compensation Act" may settle a controversy without the approval of the industrial commissioner.
- Section eighty-six point twenty-eight (86.28), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 86.28 Assessment of recording charges. In all contested cases under the "Workman's Compensation Act", the industrial commissioner may assess reasonable charges for the presence of mechanical means or a certified shorthand reporter to record the proceedings.
- Section eighty-six point twenty-nine (86.29), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 86.29 The judicial review petition. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, in a petition for judicial review of a final decision in a contested case under any provision of the "Workman's Compensation Act", the name of the opposing party shall precede the name of the agency as respondent.
- Section eighty-six point thirty-two (86.32), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:
- 86.32 Costs on appeal. The In proceedings for judicial review of compensation cases the clerk shall charge no fee for any service rendered in compensation cases except the filing fee and transcript fees when the transcript of a judgment is required. The taxation of costs in such appeals shall be in the discretion of the court.
- Section eighty-six point thirty-four (86.34), Code 1973, SEC. 52. as amended by Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter one hundred forty-four (144), section twenty-eight (28), is amended to read as follows:
- 5 86.34 Review of award or settlement. Any award for payments or agreement for settlement made under this chapter where the 6 amount has not been commuted, may be reviewed by the industrial 7 commissioner or a deputy commissioner at the request of the em-9 ployer or of the employee at any time within three years from the 10 date of the last payment of compensation made under such award or agreement, and if on such review the commissioner finds the con-11 dition of the employee warrants such action, he may end, diminish, or 12 increase the compensation so awarded or agreed upon. 13 Once an award for payments or agreement for settlement under this chapter 14 has been made where the amount has not been commuted, the commis-15 16 sioner may at any time upon proper application make a determination and appropriate order concerning the entitlement of an employee to 17 benefits provided for in section eighty-five point twenty-seven (85.27)
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- of the Code. Any party aggrieved by any decision or order Judicial 19

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review of action of the industrial commissioner or a deputy commissioner on a review of award or settlement as provided in this section, may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in appeal to the district court of the county in which the injury occurred and in the same manner as is provided in section 86.26.

SEC. 53. Section eighty-six point forty-two (86.42), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

86.42 Judgment by district court on award. Any party in interest may present a certified copy of an order or decision of the commissioner, or an award of a board of arbitration from which no petition for review has been filed within the time allowed therefor, or a memorandum of agreement approved by the commissioner, and all papers in connection therewith, to the district court of the county in which the injury occurred, whereupon said court shall render a decree or judgment in accordance therewith and cause the clerk to notify the parties. Such decree or judgment, in the absence of an appeal from a petition for judicial review of the decision of the industrial commissioner, shall have the same effect and in all proceedings in relation thereto shall thereafter be the same as though rendered in a suit duly heard and determined by said court.

SEC. 54. Section eighty-seven point seven (87.7), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

87.7 Termination of plan—appeal. Such scheme or plan may be terminated by the industrial commissioner on reasonable notice to the interested parties if it shall appear that the same is not fairly administered, or if its operation shall disclose latent defects threatening its solvency, or if for any substantial reason it fails to accomplish the purpose of this chapter; but from any such order of said industrial commissioner the parties affected, whether employer or workman, may, judicial review may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, upon the giving of proper bond to protect the interests involved, appeal to the district court in the same time and manner as appeals from actions of the industrial commissioner, which appeal shall be tried as an equitable action.

SEC. 55. Section eighty-seven point twenty-four (87.24), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

87.24 Trial by jury. When an injured employee has exercised his or her exercises a right to enforce a compensation claim, based upon the provisions of section 87.21, and an appeal, as previded in section 86.26, is taken to the district court from judicial review is sought of a decision or award as made by the industrial commissioner, the employer and/or the insurance carrier, on the hearing on such appeal in such a judicial review proceeding in the district court, shall, notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act have the right of trial by jury upon the issues of fact tendered and allowable within the terms of chapters 85, 86, and 87, and made of record in arbitration proceedings and/or upon hearing before the industrial commissioner. But the right of a trial by jury shall only apply to compensation cases within the purview of section 87.21.

SEC. 56. Section eighty-seven point twenty-five (87.25), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

87.25 Evidence—instructions. On Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, on the trial of the case in the district court with a jury, the evidence the record of the case in the agency, when certified by the industrial commissioner or his deputy, as provided in section 86.27, shall be the only competent, relevant and material evidence in the case which shall be read from the record thus certified, subject to the rulings of the trial judge upon objections made in the commissioner's court and urged in the district court. But the law of procedure and evidence, as provided in section 86.18, shall apply and govern insofar as reasonably applicable. The trial judge shall give the jury written instruction on the law of the case, but the jury shall determine the facts upon the issues submitted.

SEC. 57. Section eighty-seven point twenty-six (87.26), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

87.26 Waiver of jury. Upon questions of law raised in the district court, the appeal shall be considered as if made upon one or more of the grounds for appeal, as provided in section 86.30 With respect to questions of law raised in the district court, the judicial review proceeding in such cases shall be considered as based upon one or more of the grounds for such review as provided in subsection eight (8) of section nineteen (19) of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. If demand in writing for a jury trial has not been made and filed with the clerk of the court to which the appeal petition for judicial review is taken, within five days before the case is assigned for hearing, it shall be conclusively presumed that the party entitled thereto has waived a jury trial, and in such case the hearing of the case and appeals to the supreme court of Iowa shall, in all respects, be governed by the rules of law and procedure applicable to workmen's compensation cases to which section 87.21 does not apply.

SEC. 58. Section eighty-eight point five (88.5), subsection three (3), paragraph a, and subsections five (5) and six (6), Code 1973, are amended to read as follows:

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a. Any employer may apply to the commissioner netwithstanding the requirements of chapter 17A for a temporary order granting a variance from a standard or any provision thereof promulgated under this section. Such temporary order shall be granted only if the employer files an application which meets the requirements of paragraph "b" of this subsection and establishes that he is unable to comply with the standard by its effective date because of unavailability of professional or technical personnel or of materials and equipment needed to come into compliance with the standards or because necessary construction or operation of the facilities cannot be completed by the effective date, that he is taking all available steps to safeguard his employees against the hazards that are covered by the standard, and that he has an effective program for coming into compliance with this standard as quickly as practicable. Any temporary order issued under this paragraph shall prescribe the practices, means, methods, operations, and processes which the employer must adopt and use while the order is in effect and state in detail his pro-

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gram for coming into compliance with the standard. Such a temporary order may be granted only after notice to employees and an opportunity for a hearing, provided that the commissioner may issue one interim order to be effective until a decision is made on the basis of the hearing. No temporary order may be in effect longer than the period needed by the employer to achieve compliance with the standard, or one year, whichever is shorter except that such an order may be renewed not more than twice so long as the requirements of this paragraph are met and an application for renewal is filed at least ninety days prior to the expiration date of the order. No interim renewal of an order may remain in effect for longer than one hundred and eighty days.

5. Emergency temporary standards. The commissioner shall provide, netwithstanding the requirements of chapter 17A, for an emergency temporary standard to take immediate effect if he determines that employees are exposed to grave danger from exposure from substances or agents determined to be toxic or physically harmful or from new hazards and if such emergency temporary standard is necessary to protect the employees from such danger. Such emergency standard shall cease to be effective and shall no longer be applicable after the lapse of six-months following the effective date thereof unless the commissioner has initiated the procedures provided for under this chapter, for the purpose of promulgating a permanent standard as provided in subsection 1 of this section in which case the emergency temporary standard will remain in effect until the permanent standard is adopted and becomes effective. Abandonment of the procedure for such promulgation by the commissioner shall terminate the effectiveness and applicability of the emergency temporary standard.

6. Permanent variance. Notwithstanding chapter 17A, any Any affected employer may apply to the commissioner for a rule or order for a permanent variance from a standard promulgated under this section. Affected employees shall be given notice of each such application and an opportunity to participate in a hearing. The commissioner shall issue such rule or order if he determines on the record, after opportunity for an inspection where appropriate and a hearing, that the proponent of the variance has demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence that the conditions, practices, means, methods, operations, or processes used or proposed to be used by an employer will provide employment and places of employment to his employees which are as safe and healthful as those which would prevail if he complied with the standard. The rule or order so issued shall prescribe the conditions the employer must maintain, and the practices, means, methods, operations, and processes which he must adopt and utilize to the extent that they differ from the standard in question. Such a rule or order may be modified or revoked upon application by an employer, employees, or by the commissioner on his own motion, in the manner prescribed for its issuance under this subsection at any time after six months from its issuance.

SEC. 59. Section eighty-eight point five (88.5), subsection ten (10), is amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

10. Judicial review before enforcement. The provisions of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act shall apply to judicial review of

standards issued under this section. Notwithstanding any provision of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act to the contrary, a person who is aggrieved or adversely affected by a standard issued under this section must seek judicial review of such standard prior to the sixtieth day after such standard becomes effective. All determinations of the commissioner shall be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence in the record as a whole.

SEC. 60. Section eighty-eight point nine (88.9), subsections one (1) and two (2), Code 1973, are amended to read as follows:

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1. Aggrieved persons. Any person adversely affected or aggrieved by an order of the commission issued under section 88.8, subsection 3, may obtain a review of such order Judicial review of any order of the commission issued under section 88.8, subsection 3, may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which the violation is alleged to have occurred or where the employer has its principal office by filing in such court and may be filed within sixty days following the issuance of such order a written petition that the order be modified or set aside. A copy of such petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the commission and to the other parties, and thereupon the commission shall promptly file in the court the transcript of record in the proceedings. Upon such filing, the court shall have jurisdiction of the proceeding and of the question determined therein, and shall have power to grant such temporary relief or restraining order as it deems just and proper, and to make and enter upon the pleadings, testimony, and proceedings set forth in such record a decree affirming, modifying, or setting aside in whole or in part, the order of the commission and enforcing the same to the extent that such order is affirmed or modified. The commencement of proceedings under this subsection shall not, unless ordered by the court, operate as a stay of the order of the commission. No objection which has not been urged before the eemmission shall be considered by the court, unless the failure or neglect to urge such objection shall be excused because of extraordinary circumstances. The findings of the commission with respect to questions of fact, if supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as a whole, shall be conclusive. If any party shall apply to the court for leave to adduce additional evidence and shall show to the satisfaction of the court that such additional evidence is material and that there were reasonable grounds for the failure to adduce such evidence in the hearing before the commission, the court may order such additional evidence to be taken before the commission and to be made a part of the record. The commission may modify its findings as to the facts, or make new findings by reason of additional evidence so taken and filed, and it shall file such modified or new findings with the court, which findings with respect to questions of fact, if supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as a whole, shall be conclusive, and its recommendations, if any, for the modifieation or setting aside of its original order. The commission's copy of the testimony shall be available to all parties for examination at all reasonable times, without cost, and for the purpose of judicial review of the commission's orders. Upon the filing of the record with

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it, the jurisdiction of the court shall be exclusive and its judgment and decree shall be final, except that the same shall be subject to review by the state supreme court. Petitions filed under this subsection shall be heard expeditiously, and determined upon the transcript filed without requirement for printing.

- 2. Uncontested commission orders. The commissioner may also obtain review or enforcement of any final order of the commission by filing a petition for such relief in the district court of the county in which the alleged violation occurred or in which the employer has its principal office and the judicial review provisions of subsection 1 of this section the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act shall govern such proceedings to the extent applicable. If no petition for judicial review, as provided in subsection 1, is filed within sixty days after service of the commission's order, the commission's findings of fact and order shall be conclusive in connection with any petition for enforcement which is filed by the commissioner after the expiration of such sixty-day period. In any such case, as well as in the case of a noncontested citation or notification by the commissioner which has become a final order of the commission under section 88.8, subsection 1 or 2, the clerk of court, unless otherwise ordered by the court, shall forthwith enter a decree enforcing the order and shall transmit a copy of such decree to the commission and the employer named in the petition. In any contempt proceeding brought to enforce a decree of a district court entered pursuant to this subsection or subsection 1 of this section, the district court may assess the penalties provided in section 88.14 in addition to invoking any other available remedies.
- SEC. 61. Section eighty-eight A point eight (88A.8), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 88A.8 Judicial review. Judicial review of action of the commissioner may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.
- Section ninety-six point six (96.6), subsections eight (8) through twelve (12), Code 1973, are amended by striking the subsections and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 8. Judicial review. A decision of the commission shall become final ten days after the date of notification or mailing thereof. Judicial review of any decision of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. The commission may be represented in any such judicial review proceed-9 ing by any qualified attorney who is a regular salaried employee of 10 the commission or who has been designated by the commission for that purpose, or at the commission's request, by the attorney general. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure 12 13 Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which the claimant was last employed or resides, pro-14 vided that if the claimant does not reside in the state of Iowa the 15 action shall be brought in the district court of Polk county, Iowa, and 16 17 any other party to the proceeding before the commission shall be named in the petition. The commission may also, in its discretion, 18 certify to such courts, questions of law involved in any decision by it. 19 20 Petitions for judicial review and the questions so certified shall be

given precedence over all other civil cases except cases arising under the workmen's compensation law of this state. No bond shall be required for entering an appeal from any final order, judgment or decree of the district court to the supreme court.

SEC. 63. Section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsection three (3), paragraph f, and subsection six (6), Code 1973, are amended to read as follows:

f. Based upon the formula above provided in this section the commission shall fix the rate of contribution for each employer. The commission shall notify the employer of the rate so fixed. An employer may appeal to the commission for a revision of the rate of contribution so fixed within thirty days from the date of the notice to such employer. The commission after such hearing may set aside its former determination or modify it and may grant the employer a new rate of contribution. The commission shall notify the employer of this determination by certified mail. From this determination the employer may appeal to the district court for further hearing. The manner in which such appeal shall be taken and heard shall be in accordance with the previsions of subsections 5 and 6 of this section. Judicial review of action of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

6. Appeals Judicial review.

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a. An appeal may be taken by the employer to Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which such employer resides, or in which such employer's principal place of business is located, or in the case of a nonresident not maintaining a place of business in this state either in any county in which the wages payable for employment were earned or paid or in Polk county, within sixty thirty days after the date of the notice to such employer notifying such employer of his rate of contribution, or of the commission's determination as provided for in subsection 3 of this section or subsection 5 of this section.

b. The appeal shall be taken by the employer filing in the effice of the clerk of the district court of such county his petition setting forth the errors complained of in the commission's ruling. The employer shall cause an original notice to be served upon the chairman of the commission in the same manner as provided for in ordinary actions in court. The commission shall within thirty days from the date on which said notice was served on the commission certify and file with the clerk of said court a copy of the records and proceedings upon which the rate of contributions or the assessment of contributions was established.

The plaintiff petitioner shall file with the clerk of said court a bond for the use of the defendant respondent, with sureties approved by the clerk, in penalty to be fixed and approved by the clerk of said court. In no case shall the bond be less than fifty dollars conditioned that the plaintiff petitioner shall perform the orders of the court. In all other respects, the judicial review shall be in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

e. The court shall hear the appeal in equity and determine anew all questions submitted to it on appeal from the determination of the commission. The court shall render its decree thereon and a certified

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copy of said decree shall be filed by the elerk of said court with the emmission who shall then correct the assessment in accordance with said decree. An appeal may be taken by the employer or the commission to the supreme court of this state in the same manner that appeals are taken in suits in equity, irrespective of the amount involved.

SEC. 64. Section ninety-seven A point six (97A.6), subsection fourteen (14), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsection and

inserting in lieu thereof the following:

14. Judicial review of action of the board of trustees. Judicial review of any action of the board of trustees may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, the petition for judicial review must be filed within thirty days after the member receives written notice of the trustees' action. The board of trustees shall be represented by the attorney general. An appeal may be taken by the petitioner or the board of trustees to the supreme court of this state irrespective of the amount involved.

SEC. 65. Section ninety-seven B point nineteen (97B.19), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

97B.19 Revision for error. If, prior to the expiration of six months following the delivery of such statement, it is brought to the attention of the commission that any entry of such wages in such records is erroneous, or that any item of such wages has been omitted from the records, the commission may correct such entry or include such omitted item in its records, as the case may be. Written notice of any revision of any such entry which is adverse to the interest of any individual shall be given to such individual in any case where such individual has previously been notified by the commission of the amount of wages and of the period of payments shown by such entry. Upon request in writing made prior to the expiration of six months immediately following the giving of the statement provided for in section 97B.18, the commission shall afford any individual, or after his death shall afford his beneficiary or any other person so entitled in the judgment of the commission, reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing with respect to any entry or alleged omission of wages of such individual in such record, or any revision of any such entry. If a hearing is held, the commission shall make findings of fact and a decision based upon the evidence adduced at such hearing and shall revise its records accordingly. Any party aggrieved by the decision of the commission under this section or section 97B.20 may appeal to the district court in the manner as provided in section 973.29. Judicial review of action of the commission under this section and section ninety-seven B point twenty (97B.20) of the Code may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act and section ninety-seven B point twenty-nine (97B.29) of the Code.

SEC. 66. Section ninety-seven B point twenty-six (97B.26), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

97B.26 Referee. Unless such appeal is withdrawn, an appeal referee to be designated by the commission for this purpose, after affording the parties reasonable opportunity for fair hearing, shall

affirm or modify the findings of fact and decision of the deputy. At 7 said hearing all of the evidence taken and the proceedings had shall 8 be taken and fully reported by a certified shorthand reporter. Said 9 reporter shall promptly transcribe said evidence and proceedings and certify to same. The said transcript shall then be made available for 10 use by the commission and by the courts at subsequent appeals judi-11 12 cial review proceedings under the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, 13 if any. The parties shall be duly notified of such referee's decision. 14 together with his reasons therefor, which shall be deemed to be the 15 final decision of the commission unless, within thirty days after the date of notification or mailing of such decision, further appeal is 16 17 initiated pursuant to section 97B.27.

SEC. 67. Section ninety-seven B point twenty-eight (97B.28), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

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97B.28 Cenelusiveness of finding Representation of commission. Any decision of the commission in the absence of an appeal therefrom, as herein provided, shall become final thirty days after the date of notification or mailing thereof, and judicial review thereof shall be permitted only after any party claiming to be aggrieved thereby has exhausted his remedies before the commission, as provided by this chapter. The commission shall be deemed to be a party to any judicial action involving any such decision and may be represented in any such judicial action by any qualified attorney who is a regular salaried employee of the commission or who has been designated by the commission for that purpose or, at the commission's request, by the attorney general.

SEC. 68. Section ninety-seven B point twenty-nine (97B.29), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Judicial review. At any time prior to such commission decision becoming final, any party aggrieved thereby may secure judicial review thereof by commencing an action Judicial review of action of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which the claimant was last employed or resides, provided that if the claimant does not reside in the state of Iowa the action shall be brought in the district court of Polk county, Iowa, against the commission for the review of this decision, in which action any other parties to the proceeding before the commission shall be made a defendant named in the petition. In such action a petition, which need not be verified but which shall state the grounds upon which a review is sought, shall be served on a member of the commission or upon such person as the commission may designate, and such service shall be deemed completed service on all parties, but there shall be left with the parties so served as many espies of the petition as there are defendants, and the commission shall forthwith mail one such copy to each such defendant. When service is completed such petition shall be filed by appellant with the clerk of the district court who shall docket said cause in the same manner as provided for other civil actions. The commission shall, within sixty days after the notice of appeal has been served on the commission; certify and file with said

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district court all documents and papers and a transcript of all testi-28 mony taken in the matter, together with the findings of fact and decision of the commission therein. With such transcript the com-30 mission shall file its answer. The transcript, as certified and filed by the commission, shall be the record upon which the appeal shall be 31 heard, and no additional evidence shall be heard. In the absence of 32 33 fraud, any findings of fact by the commission after notice and hearing, as herein provided, shall be binding on the court on appeal when 34 supported by substantial and competent evidences.* The commission may also, in its discretion, certify to such courts, questions of law 36 involving any decision by it. Such actions petitions for judicial review and the questions so certified, shall be heard in a summary manner and shall be given precedence over all other civil cases except cases arising under the workmen's compensation law and the employ-40 ment security law of this state.

SEC. 69. Section ninety-seven B point thirty-two (97B.32), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Appeal to supreme court. No bond shall be required for 97B.32 entering an appeal from any final order, judgment, or decree of the district court in a proceeding for judicial review to the supreme court of Iowa.

Section ninety-seven B point thirty-three (97B.33), Code SEC. 70. 1973, is amended to read as follows:

97B.33 Certification to comptroller. Upon final decision of the commission, or upon final judgment of any court of competent jurisdiction, that any person is entitled to any payment or payments under this chapter, the commission shall certify to the state comptroller the name and address of the person so entitled to receive such payment or payments, the amount of such payment or payments, and the time at which such payment or payments should be made, and the commission, through the state comptroller, shall make payment in accordance with the certification of the commission provided, that where a judicial review of the commission decision is or may be sought under section 97B.28 in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, certification of payment may be withheld pending such review. The state comptroller shall not be held personally liable for any payment or payments made in accordance with a certification by the commission.

Section ninety-eight point twenty-nine (98.29), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

98.29 Notice and appeal. The department shall notify any person assessed pursuant to section 98.28 by sending a written notice of such determination and assessment by certified mail to the principal place of business of such person as shown on his application for permit, if any, and in case no such application was filed by such person, to his last known address. Such person may appeal from such determination and assessment to the district court in the same manner and subject to the same procedure as is provided in Judicial review of action of the department may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act and section 422.29.

^{*}According to enrolled Act

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Section ninety-eight point forty-eight (98.48), subsection five (5), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

5. Any person aggrieved by an order of the director fixing a tax. penalty or interest under section 98.43 may, within thirty days from the date of notice of the order, appeal to the board of review in the manner provided by law. Any other order of the director under this division shall be subject to review by certicrari. Judicial review of any other action of the director may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 73. Section ninety-nine A point six (99A.6), unnumbered paragraphs two (2), three (3), and four (4), Code 1973, are amended by striking the unnumbered paragraphs and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review of actions of the issuing authorities may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Municipalities acting as issuing authorities shall be deemed state agencies solely for the purposes of bringing their actions under this chapter within the terms of section nineteen (19) of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. If the licensee has not filed a petition 10 for judicial review in district court, revocation shall date from the thirty-first day following the date of the order of the issuing author-11 12 ity. If the licensee has filed a petition for judicial review, revocation 13 14 shall date from the thirty-first day following entry of the order of 15 the district court, if action by the district court is adverse to the 16 licensee.

Section one hundred point sixteen (100.16), Code 1973, SEC. 74. is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

100.16 Judicial review. Judicial review of actions of the fire marshal may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county where such building is located.

Section one hundred point seventeen (100.17), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

100.17 How appeal taken Bond—suspension of order. Such appeal petition for judicial review shall be taken by filing in the office of the fire marshal notice of such appeal, specifying the order appealed from and the court to which the appeal is taken, accompanied by a bond in the penal sum of one hundred dollars with sureties approved by the clerk of said court, conditioned to pay all costs that shall be adjudged against appellant petitioner and abide the decree, judgment, and order of the court. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, any order of the fire marshal which is the subject of a judicial review proceeding shall be suspended during such proceeding.

Section one hundred point twenty-three (100.23). Code Sec. 76. 1973, is amended to read as follows:

100.23 Costs. If the appellant fails in the appeal judicial review proceeding the costs shall be taxed against him, but if the order is

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revoked or annulled the costs shall be taxed to the state. If the order shall be modified, the court may in its discretion apportion the costs.

SEC. 77. Section one hundred point twenty-six (100.26), Code

1973, is amended to read as follows:

100.26 Time for compliance with order. When no petition of review has been filed or when the fire marshal on review or the court on appeal review has affirmed or modified an order for the removal, destruction, or repair of a building, or the removal of any of its contents, or the change of any of its conditions, the owner, lessee, or occupant shall comply with such order within thirty days after the delivery of the same or a copy thereof to him, either personally or by certified letter to his last known address, or by service upon his duly appointed agent. If such owner, lessee, or occupant shall fail to comply with such order he shall be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each day of failure or neglect after the expiration of said period, which shall be recovered in the name of the state and paid into the treasury of the county where collected.

SEC. 78. Section one hundred point twenty-seven (100.27), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

100.27 Refusal to obey orders. If any person fails to comply with a final order of the marshal or of a court on appeal review and within the time fixed, then such officers are empowered and authorized to cause such building or premises to be repaired, torn down, demolished, materials and all dangerous conditions removed, as the case may be, and at the expense of such person, and if such person within thirty days thereafter fails, neglects, or refuses to repay said officers the expense thereby incurred by them, such officers shall certify said expenses, together with twenty-five percent penalty thereon, to the auditor of the county in which said property is situated.

SEC. 79. Section one hundred point twenty-eight (100.28), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Notice. Notice of the reasonableness and amount of assessment shall be given in a manner as provided for giving notice in ordinary actions by the marshal or his designated subordinate to the property owner, also notifying the property owner that a hearing thereon shall be had before the auditor of said county on a day not less than ten nor more than fifteen days from the date of completed service of notice upon the property owner and if no appeal is taken therefrom to the district court petition for judicial review is filed in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act at the time fixed in said notice the auditor shall hear and determine the matter. Any person aggrieved by the order and determination of the auditor may appeal therefrem to the district court of the county by serving notice within twenty days thereafter upon said auditor; and such appeal shall be heard and determined by the court as in eases of appeals from the order of the fire marshal as provided in this chapter. Judicial review of the order and determination of the auditor may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. For the purpose of coming within the judicial review provisions of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act only, the auditor's order and determination under this section shall be deemed the action of the state fire marshal.

SEC. 80. Section one hundred one A point four (101A.4), subsection one (1), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

1. Judicial review of the action of the commissioner may be sought 4 5 in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure

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Section one hundred three A point seven (103A.7), unnumbered paragraph three (3), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

These rules and regulations shall comprise and be known as the state building code and shall not be subject to the provisions of chapter 17A.

Section one hundred three A point seventeen (103A.17), SEC. 82.

subsection seven (7), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:
7. The decision of the board of review may be appealed to the advisory council by any party by filing a petition with the advisory council at any time prior to the effective date of such decision. The advisory council shall consider all questions of fact and law involved and issue its decision pertaining to the same not later than ten days after receipt of the appeal. Any party to the proceedings aggrieved by the decision of the advisory council may, within ten days after receipt of the decision, appeal the decision to the district court.

SEC. 83. Section one hundred three A point eighteen (103A.18), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

103A.18 Court proceedings. Judicial review of action of the commissioner, board of review, or council may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act:

1. An appeal Filing of a petition for judicial review shall stay all proceedings on the matter appealed with respect to which review is sought unless there is a showing by the state agency or a local building department that a stay would involve imminent peril to life or property.

2. No court shall entertain an action based on the state building code unless all administrative remedies have been exhausted, except:

a. When the action is instituted by the state or a governmental subdivision; or

b. When there is good cause for the failure to exhaust administrative remedies.

3. Subject to subsection 1 of this section, where the construction of a building or structure or use of a building is in violation of any code provision or lawful order of a local building department, the district court may on petition order removal of the building, abatement as a public nuisance, or enjoin further construction.

4. Judicial Petitions for judicial review may be obtained by commeneing an action filed in the county where the cause of action or some part thereof arose. The district court shall hear and decide the

26 matter de novo.

> 5. An appeal from a decision of the district court may be taken to the supreme court as in other cases.

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SEC. 84. Section one hundred twelve point eight (112.8), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

112.8 Judicial review—bond. Judicial review of the orders or actions of the commission fixing the amount of compensation awarded or damages sustained by any claimant may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. The petition for review shall be accompanied by an appeal bond with sufficient sureties to be approved by the clerk of the district court conditioned to pay all costs adjudged against the petitioner.

SEC. 85. Section one hundred twelve point nine (112.9), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

112.9 Final determination and costs. The amount of damages or compensation found by the court shall be entered of record. Unless the result en the appeal of the judicial review proceeding is more favorable to the appellant petitioner than the action of the commission, all costs of the appellant judicial review proceeding shall be taxed to the appellant petitioner, but if more favorable, the cost shall be taxed to the appellees respondents. All damages assessed and all costs occasioned under this chapter shall be paid from the funds of the commission.

SEC. 86. Section one hundred seventeen point forty-one (117.41), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Findings of fact. If the majority of the commission shall determine that any applicant is not qualified to receive a license, a license shall not be granted to such applicant, and if the commission shall determine that any licensee is guilty of a violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, the license may be suspended or re-The commission, upon request of the applicant or licensee, shall furnish said applicant or licensee with a definite statement of its findings of fact and its reason or reasons for refusing to grant the license or for suspension of the rights of the licensee or for the revocation of the license, as the case may be. The findings of fact made by the commission acting within its powers shall, in the absence ef fraud, be conclusive, but the district court of the county of the licensee's residence or the judge thereof shall have the power to review questions of law involved in any final decision or determination of the commission; provided that an application is made by the aggrieved party within ten days after such determination by certiorari, mandamus, or by any other method permissible under the rules and practices of said court, or the laws of this state, and said court may make such further orders in respect thereto as justice may require. Judicial review of action of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure

SEC. 87. Section one hundred twenty point ten (120.10), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

120.10 Revocation. The board may revoke a certificate of registration obtained through error of the board or fraud of the applicant, or if the holder is grossly incompetent, guilty of immoral or unethical conduct, or obtained or sought anything of value by fraudulent representation in the practice of watchmaking. The holder of such cer-

tificate shall be given thirty days' notice in writing enumerating the charges and fixing a date for the hearing thereon. Such notice shall 9 10 be given to the certificate holder by certified mail addressed to him at his last known address as shown by the secretary. At the hearing he 11 shall have the opportunity to defend himself against the charges and 12 13 to introduce evidence tending to disprove the charges. If the board 14 should refuse any such application and refuse to renew any such license, the applicant may within thirty days after the order of the 15 board and not afterward appeal therefrom by a writ of certiorari to 16 17 the district court where upon such appeal the hearing shall be do nove 18 and all legal evidence pertaining to the matter of whether or not such 19 license should be renewed may be submitted, including new evidence 20 not submitted to the board. Judicial review of any action of the board 21 may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administra-22 tive Procedure Act. Upon the expiration of one year, and after satis-23 factory proof that the cause of revocation no longer exists, a person 24 whose certificate has been revoked may be issued a certificate of regis-25 tration at the discretion of the board, upon payment of the fee herein 26 provided.

SEC. 88. Section one hundred twenty-three point thirty-two (123.32), subsection five (5), Code 1973, is amended to read as fol-

5. Appeal to courts. Any applicant who feels aggrieved by a decision of the director or local authority disapproving, suspending, or reveking issuance of a liquer centrol license or beer permit may, provided he has exercised his right of appeal to the hearing board as previded in subsection 4 of this section, appeal from said decision within ten days to Judicial review. Judicial review of the action of the department hearing board may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county wherein the premises covered by the application are situated.

Where the hearing board on an appeal by an applicant finds that the local authority acted arbitrarily, capriciously, or without reasonable cause in disapproving an application and the director issues a license or permit, the local authority may appeal from such decision seek judicial review of such decision according to the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act within ten thirty days to the district court of the county wherein the premises covered by the

22 application are situated.

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Section one hundred thirty-five B point six (135B.6), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Denial or revocation of license-hearings and review. The state department of health shall have the authority to deny, suspend or revoke a license in any case where it finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this chapter or the rules, regulations or minimum standards promulgated under this chapter.

Such denial, suspension, or revocation shall be effected by mailing to the applicant or licensee by certified mail, or by personal service of, a notice setting forth the particular reasons for such action. Such

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denial, suspension, or revocation shall become effective thirty days 12 13 after the mailing or service of the notice, unless the applicant or 14 licensee, within such thirty-day period shall give written notice to the department requesting a hearing, in which case the notice shall be 15 16 deemed to be suspended. If a hearing has been requested, the appli-17 cant or licensee shall be given an opportunity for a prompt and fair hearing before the department. At any time at or prior to hearing, 18 the department may rescind the notice of denial, suspension or revo-19 cation upon being satisfied that the reasons for the denial, suspension 20 21 or revocation have been or will be removed. On the basis of any such 22 hearing, or upon default of the applicant or licensee the determination involved in the notice may be affirmed, modified, or set aside, by 23 the department. A copy of such decision, setting forth the finding of 24 25 facts and the particular reasons for the decision shall be sent by certified mail, or served personally upon, the applicant or licensee. 26 27 The decision shall become final thirty days after it is so mailed or 28 served, unless the applicant or licensee, within such thirty-day period, appeals the decision to the court, pursuant to section 135B.14. 29 30

The procedure governing hearings authorized by this section shall be in accordance with rules promulgated by said department with the advice of the hospital licensing board. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings, and all testimony shall be reported but need not be transcribed unless the decision is appealed judicial review is sought pursuant to section 135B.14. A copy or copies of the transcript may be obtained by an interested party on payment of the cost of preparing such copy or copies. Witnesses may be subpoenaed by either party and shall be allowed fees at a rate prescribed by the

39 aforesaid rules.

SEC. 90. Section one hundred thirty-five B point fourteen (135B.14), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

135B.14 Judicial review. Judicial review of the action of the commissioner of public health may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which the hospital is located or to be located, and the status quo of the petitioner or licensee shall be preserved pending final disposition of the matter in the courts.

SEC. 91. Section one hundred thirty-five C point eleven (135C.11), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

shall be effected by mailing to the applicant or licensee by certified mail or by personal service of a notice setting forth the particular reasons for such action. Such denial, suspension, or revocation shall become effective thirty days after the mailing or service of the notice, unless the applicant or licensee, within such thirty-day period, shall give written notice to the department requesting a hearing, in which case the notice shall be deemed to be suspended. If a hearing has been requested, the applicant or licensee shall be given an opportunity for a prompt and fair hearing before the department. At any time at or prior to the hearing the department may rescind the notice

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of the denial, suspension or revocation upon being satisfied that the reasons for the denial, suspension or revocation have been or will be removed. On the basis of any such hearing, or upon default of the applicant or licensee, the determination involved in the notice may be affirmed, modified, or set aside by the department. A copy of such decision shall be sent by certified mail, or served personally upon the applicant or licensee. The decision shall become final thirty days after it is so mailed or served, unless the The applicant or licensee, within such thirty-day period, appeals the decision to the court may seek judicial review pursuant to section 135C.13.

The procedure governing hearings authorized by this section shall be in accordance with the rules promulgated by the department. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings, and all testimony shall be reported but need not be transcribed unless the decision is appealed judicial review is sought pursuant to section 135C.13. A copy or copies of the transcript may be obtained by an interested party upon payment of the cost of preparing such copy or copies. Witnesses may be subpoenaed by either party and shall be allowed fees at a rate prescribed by the aforesaid rules. The commissioner may, with the advice and consent of the care review committee established pursuant to section 135C.25, remove all residents and patients and suspend the license or licenses of any health care facility, prior to a hearing, when he finds that the health or safety of residents or patients of the health care facility requires such action on an emergency basis.

SEC. 92. Section one hundred thirty-five C point thirteen (135C.13), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

135C.13 Appeal Judicial review. Any applicant or licensee who is dissatisfied with the decision of the commissioner as a result of the hearing procedure provided herein may appeal the decision within thirty days after the mailing or serving of notice of the decision by filing a notice of appeal Judicial review of action of the commissioner may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county where the facility or proposed facility is located, and by serving a copy of said notice of appeal upon the department. Thereupon the department shall within thirty days certify and file with the court a copy of the record and decision, ineluding the transcript of the hearings on which the decision is based. The trial before the court shall be de novo and all legal evidence pertaining to the matter of whether or not such license shall be denied, suspended, or revoked, as the case may be, may be submitted including new or additional evidence not submitted to the commissioner, and the court shall have power to affirm, modify, or reverse the decision of the commissioner. Pending pending final disposition of the matter the status quo of the applicant or licensee shall be preserved except when the commissioner, with the advice and consent of the care review committee established pursuant to section 135C.25, determines that the health, safety or welfare of the residents or patients of the facility are in immediate danger, in which case he may order the immediate removal of such residents or patients.

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SEC. 93. Section one hundred thirty-five D point eight (135D.8), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

135D.8 Denial of permit or license. If the application for a permit to construct or make alterations upon a mobile home park and the appurtenances thereto, or a primary license to operate the same, is denied by the state department of health, it shall so state in writing, giving the reasons for denying the application. If the objection can be corrected, the applicant may amend his application and resubmit it for approval, and if denied the applicant may within thirty days thereafter appeal from the decision of the state board of health to. Judicial review of the action of the state board of health may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which said mobile home park is located, and the case shall be tried in equity.

SEC. 94. Section one hundred thirty-eight point ten (138.10), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

138.10 Appeal to court Judicial review. Any person aggrieved by a final order or determination of the commissioner may appeal such final order or determination, for trial de novo in equity, to Judicial review of actions of the commissioner may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county wherein the license was to be issued or wherein such license is to be revoked or suspended. Any such appeal shall be filed within twenty days of the date of the final order or determination by the commissioner. Notice of appeal shall be served upon all parties to the appeal and hearing before the commissioner in the same manner as are criginal notices in civil actions. However, such appeal, and such a petition for judicial review shall not operate to stay any order or final determination of the commissioner unless the district court finds upon hearing after reasonable notice to all interested parties, that substantial damage would result to the appealing party unless such order or final determination was stayed and such a stay would not endanger the health, safety, or welfare of any inhabitants of a migrant labor camp. Any aggrieved party may appeal to the supreme court from the final determination of the district court as provided by law.

SEC. 95. Section one hundred forty-four point fifteen (144.15), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

When an applicant does not submit the substantiating evidence required for delayed registration or when the state registrar finds reason to question the validity or adequacy of the evidence, the state registrar shall not register the delayed certificate and shall advise the applicant of the reasons for this action. The registration official shall advise the applicant of his right of appeal to the district court pursuant to sections one hundred forty-four point seventeen (144.17) and one hundred forty-four point eighteen (144.18) of the Code, which sections shall be applicable to such appeal notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

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SEC. 96. Section one hundred forty-five point seventeen (145.17), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

3 Court procedure. This section shall be applicable notwith-4 standing the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. The 5 issue thereby raised shall be whether the findings and conclusions of 6 said board shall be affirmed by the court, and shall be tried in the dis-7 trict court of such county, as a special proceeding, in the same manner as a civil action at law in which the state shall be the plaintiff 8 and the person so summoned shall be the defendant. Each party 9 shall have the same rights as to production of evidence and the case 10 shall be tried in the same manner as any other civil action. In all such cases the county attorney of the county where such proceed-11 12 ings are tried shall appear and prosecute such action on behalf of the 13 state. If the defendant has no attorney and he is unable to secure 14 one, the court shall appoint an attorney from the membership of 15 16 the bar of said county to conduct his defense, and appeal, if any be taken as hereinafter provided, and such attorney shall be compen-17 sated by the state, upon order of the court. Upon the request of 18 either party to such proceeding all questions of fact shall be tried by 19 20 a jury and the court in every instance shall have the testimony fully 21 reported at the expense of the state.

SEC. 97. Section one hundred forty-seven point one hundred twenty-one (147.121), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

147.121 Licensing function. The board shall license nursing home administrators in accordance with rules and regulations issued, and from time to time revised, by it. A nursing home administrator's license shall not be transferable and shall be valid until surrendered for cancellation or suspended or revoked for violation of this division or any other laws or regulations relating to the proper administration and management of a nursing home. Any denial of issuance or renewal, suspension, or revocation under any section of this division shall be subject to judicial review upon the timely request of the applicant or licensee and pursuant to Iowa state procedures in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 98. Section one hundred forty-eight point seven (148.7), subsection eight (8), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

8. Judicial review of the board's action may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 99. Section one hundred fifty-three point twenty-eight (153.28), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

153.28 Judicial review. Judicial review of actions of the board may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 100. Section one hundred fifty-three point twenty-nine (153.29), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

153.29 Order stands during review. The Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, the order of the board rejecting such application, and refusing to renew such license, shall remain in force and effect until such writ of certiorari petition for judicial review is finally determined and disposed of upon the

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merits and no new or temporary license shall be issued to the applicant pending such disposition.

SEC. 101. Section one hundred fifty-three point thirty (153.30),

Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

153.30 Reinstatement—examination. Any former licensee whose application for renewal of license has been rejected by the board and who has not successfully prosecuted a review by certiorari proceeding for judicial review therefrom as herein provided shall not thereafter receive such license or renewal thereof unless same shall be granted by the board and upon payment of the renewal fees then due. Said board may require examination of the former licensee, in which case he shall pay the examination fees provided by law.

SEC. 102. Section one hundred fifty-five point fourteen (155.14),

Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Such denial, suspension or revocation 155.14 Notice—hearing. shall be effected by mailing to the applicant or licensee by registered mail, or by personal service of, a notice setting forth the particular reasons for such action. Such denial, suspension or revocation shall become effective thirty days after the mailing or service thereof, unless the applicant or licensee, within such thirty-day period shall give written notice to the board requesting a hearing in which case the notice shall be deemed to be suspended. If a hearing has been requested, the applicant or licensee shall be given an opportunity for a prompt and fair hearing before the board. At any time at or prior to the hearing the board may rescind the notice of denial, suspension or revocation upon being satisfied that the reasons for denial, suspension or revocation have been or will be removed. On the basis of any such hearing, or upon default of the applicant or licensee, the determination involved in the notice may be affirmed, modified or set aside by the board. A copy of such decisions, setting forth the findings of fact and the particular reasons for the decision shall be sent by registered mail, or served, unless the applicant or licensee, within such thirty days, appeals the decision to the district court.

SEC. 103. Section one hundred fifty-five point fifteen (155.15), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

155.15 Procedure at hearing. The procedure governing hearings authorized by section 155.14 shall be in accordance with rules promulgated by said board. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings, and all testimony shall be reported but need not be transcribed unless the decision is appealed to the court judicial review is sought. A copy or copies of the transcript may be obtained by the party or parties involved in the controversy on payment of the cost of preparing such copy or copies. Witnesses may be subpoenaed by either party and shall be allowed fees as prescribed by law in courts of record in criminal cases.

SEC. 104. Section one hundred fifty-five point sixteen (155.16), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

155.16 Judicial review. Judicial review of actions or decisions of the board may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

Section one hundred fifty-seven point nine (157.9), $\mathbf{2}$ unnumbered paragraph three (3), Code 1973, is amended by striking 3 the unnumbered paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof the follow-4

Judicial review of actions of the board or department of health may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 106. Section one hundred sixty-six B point seven (166B.7), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review. Judicial review of department of agriculture action under this chapter may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county, wherein the hogs are situated.

SEC. 107. Section one hundred eighty-nine A point fourteen (189A.14), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

189A.14 Appeal Judicial review—enforcement.

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1. Any order issued under subsection 3 of section 189A.5 or subsections 1, 2, or 3 of section 189A.7 shall be final unless appealed to the district court within thirty days after service. Review of any such order and the determinations upon which it is based shall be upon the record in the proceedings in which the order was issued. Judicial review of the action of the secretary may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

2. The district court is hereby vested with jurisdiction to enforce this chapter, to prevent and restrain violations herein, and shall have

13 jurisdiction in all other kinds of cases arising hereunder.

Section one hundred ninety-one A point seven (191A.7), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Disciplinary action. Any license issued under this chapter may be revoked by the department for violation by the licensee of any provision of this chapter or any applicable rules or regulations of the department. In lieu of license revocation, the department may require the immediate discontinuance of operation of any vending machine or commissary whenever the department finds unsanitary conditions or any other conditions which constitute a substantial hazard to the public health. The order shall apply only to the vending machines, commissary, or product involved. Any person whose license is revoked, or who is ordered to discontinue the operation of any vending machine or commissary, may appeal such decision to the secretary. The secretary or his designee shall schedule and hold a hearing upon the appeal not later than thirty days from the time of revocation or the order of discontinuance, and shall issue his decision immediately following the hearing. Any person aggrieved by the decision of the secretary or his designee may appeal such decision to the district court. Judicial review may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 109. Section one hundred ninety-two A point twenty (192A.20), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows: 2

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192A.20 Order to appear—appeal judicial review. Whenever the 4 secretary has reason to believe that any person has violated any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules or regulations adopted 5 6 thereunder, he may enter an order requiring such person to appear before him and show cause why an order should not be entered requiring such person to cease and desist from the violations charged. 9 Such order shall set forth the alleged violations, fix the time and place of the hearing, and provide for notice thereof which shall be given not less than twenty days before the date of such hearing. 10 11 After hearing by the secretary, or if the person charged with such violation fails to appear at the time of said hearing, if he finds such 12 13 14 person to be in violation he shall enter an order requiring such person to cease and desist from the specific acts, practices, or omissions 15 so found to be in violation and from related acts, practices or omissions. Any such order shall become final upon the expiration of thirty days after its entry if no appeal is taken therefrom. 16 17 18

Any person aggrieved by any Any order entered by the secretary or other action of the secretary may take an appeal therefrom to the district court as provided elsewhere herein for license denial, suspension or revecation be judicially reviewed in accordance with the terms

of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

Any person violating any order of the secretary under the first paragraph of this section after the same has become final period for seeking judicial review thereof has elapsed without the filing of a petition for such review, or on the termination of any review proceedings shall be subject to a civil penalty to be levied by the district court in a proceeding instituted for that purpose in an amount of not less than five hundred dollars and not more than ten thousand dollars provided that in the case of continuing violations the minimum amount of such penalty shall be either five hundred dollars or twentyfive dollars for each day of violation, whichever is the larger.

SEC. 110. Section one hundred ninety-two A point twenty-five (192A.25), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

192A.25 Procedure—judicial review. The department shall by certified mail or by personal service notify the person whose license has been denied, suspended, or revoked setting forth the reasons for the decision. The denial, suspension, or revocation shall become effective thirty days after the mailing or service of the notification unless the person whose license has been denied, suspended, or revoked files within the thirty-day period a netice of appeal in the district court and serves a copy of the netice of appeal upon the department. Thereupen the department shall within thirty days certify and file with the court a copy of the record and decision including the transcript of the hearings upon which the decision was based. Judicial review may be sought of any such action in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

Section one hundred ninety-eight point thirteen 1 SEC. 111. 2 (198.13),* subsection five (5), Code 1973, is amended to read as fol-3 lows:

4 5. Any person adversely affected by an Judicial review of any Act, order or ruling made pursuant to the provisions of this chapter may

^{*}Chapter 198 repealed by chapter 1156, §19 hereof

be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review must be filed within forty-five days thereafter bring action in the district court in and for Polk county for new trial of the issues bearing upon such Act, order or ruling, and upon such trial the court may issue and enforce such orders, judgments or decrees as the court may deem proper, just and equitable after the Act, order or ruling is final.

SEC. 112. Section one hundred ninety-nine point eleven (199.11), subsection two (2), paragraph b, Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

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b. To issue and enforce a written or printed "stop sale" order to the owner or custodian of any lot of agricultural seed which the state secretary of agriculture or his authorized agents believe is in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter which shall prohibit further sale of such seed until such officer has evidence that the law has been complied with; provided, that the owner or custodian of such seed shall be permitted to remove said seed from a salesroom open to the public; provided further, that in respect to seeds which have been denied sale as provided in this subsection, the owner or custodian of such seeds shall have the right to appeal from such order to a court of competent jurisdiction judicial review may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court where the seeds are found, praying for a judgment as to the justification of said order and for the discharge of such seed from the order prohibiting the sale in accordance with the findings of the court; and. And provided further, that the provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as limiting the right of the enforcement officer to proceed as authorized by other sections of this chapter.

1 SEC. 113. Section two hundred point fourteen (200.14), subsection 2 three (3), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsection.

SEC. 114. Section two hundred four point three hundred five (204.305), subsection two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

2. The board, without an order to show cause, may suspend any registration simultaneously with the institution of proceedings under section 204.304, or where renewal of registration is refused, if it finds that there is an imminent danger to the public health or safety which warrants this action. The suspension shall continue in effect until the conclusion of the proceedings, including judicial review thereof, under the provisions of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, unless sooner withdrawn by the board or dissolved by the district or supreme court.

SEC. 115. Section two hundred four point five hundred eight (204.508), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

204.508 Judicial review. Judicial review of actions of board or

204.508 Judicial review. Judicial review of actions of board or department may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

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SEC. 116. Section two hundred twenty-two point fifty-nine (222.59), subsection four (4), unnumbered paragraph two (2), as created by Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter one hundred seventy-nine (179), section one (1), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

An appellant aggrieved by the result of such hearing may, within thirty days, appeal to Judicial review of actions of the department may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. the district court of Polk County or of the county in which the appellant resides; by serving notice of such appeal upon the commissioner of social services or his designee, in the manner required for the service of original notice in a civil action. Upon such notice, the The department shall furnish the appellant petitioner with a copy of any papers filed by him in support of his position, a transcript of any testimony taken, and a copy of the department's decision.

SEC. 117. Section two hundred twenty-two point fifty-nine (222.59), subsection four (4), unnumbered paragraph four (4), as created by Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter one hundred seventy-nine (179), section one (1), Code 1973, is amended by striking the unnumbered paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, where a petition is filed for judicial review of a proposed placement, the proposed placement shall be stayed pending the outcome of said review proceeding.

SEC. 118. Section two hundred twenty-four point five (224.5), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

224.5 Mental illness of narcotic addicts. Should a person, committed because of his excessive use of narcotic drugs or intoxicating liquors, become mentally ill, the commissioner of the state department of social services, on complaint of the superintendent having the custody of such person, and on due hearing, may order such person committed to a hospital for the mentally ill. Such order shall have the same force and effect as though entered by the commissioners of hospitalization of the county of the patient's residence, and notwith-standing the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, such person may appeal from such order in the same manner in which appeals are allowed from the orders of the commissioners of hospitalization.

SEC. 119. Section two hundred twenty-five point thirty-nine (225.39), Code 1973, is amended by adding the following new paragraph:

NEW PARAGRAPH. This section applies notwithstanding the provisions of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 120. Section two hundred thirty-eight point twelve (238.12), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1973, is amended by striking the unnumbered paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review of the actions of the council may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

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SEC. 121. Section two hundred thirty-nine point seven (239.7), 2 Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

3 Appeal—judicial review. If an application is not acted upon 4 within a reasonable time, if it is denied in whole or in part, or if any 5 award of assistance is modified, suspended, or canceled under any pro-6 vision of this chapter, the applicant or recipient may appeal to the 7 department of social services. The department shall give the appel-8 lant reasonable notice and opportunity for a fair hearing before the 9 commissioner or his designee. An applicant or recipient aggrieved by 10 the result of such hearing may, within thirty days, appeal to Judicial 11 review of the result of such hearing may be sought in accordance with 12 the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. the district 13 court of the county in which he resides, by serving notice of such 14 appeal upon the commissioner of social services or his designee, in the 15 manner required for the service of original notice in a civil action. Upon receipt of such notice the notice of the filing of a petition for 16 judicial review, the department shall furnish the appellant petitioner 17 with a copy of any papers filed by him in support of his the petition-18 er's position, a transcript of any testimony taken, and a copy of the 19 department's decision. The district court shall review the depart-20 21ment's decision to determine its legality.

SEC. 122. Section two hundred forty-nine point eleven (249.11), unnumbered paragraph three (3), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

If an application is not acted upon within a reasonable time, if it is denied in whole or in part, or if any award of assistance is modified, suspended, or canceled under any provision of this chapter, the applicant or recipient may appeal to the department of social services. The department shall give the appellant reasonable notice and opportunity for a fair hearing before the commissioner or his designee. An applicant or recipient aggrieved by the result of such hearing may, within thirty days, appeal to the district court of the county in which he resides, by serving notice of such appeal upon the commissioner of social services or his designee, in the manner required for the service ef original notice in a civil action. Judicial review of the actions of the department may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Upon receipt of such notice a petition for judicial review, the department shall furnish the appellant petitioner with a copy of any papers filed by him in support of his petitioner's position, a transcript of any testimony taken, and a copy of the department's decision. The district court shall review the department's decisien to determine its legality.

Section two hundred forty-nine A point four (249A.4), subsection ten (10), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1973, is amended by striking the unnumbered paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review of the actions of the commissioner or department may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. In the event a petition for judicial review is filed, the commissioner or his authorized representative shall furnish the petitioner with a copy of the application and all supporting papers,

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a transcript of the testimony taken at the hearing, if any, and a copy 10 of its decision. 11

Section two hundred sixtv-two point (262.69), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

3 Any rules made pursuant to this section may be enforced under procedures adopted by the board for each institution under its control. Sanctions may be imposed upon students, faculty and staff for violation of the rules, including, but not limited to, a reasonable monetary sanction which may be deducted from student deposits and faculty or 8 staff salaries or other funds in the possession of the institution, or added to student tuition bills. The rules made pursuant to this sec-10 tion may also be enforced by the impoundment of vehicles parked in 11 violation of the rules, and a reasonable fee may be charged for the 12 cost of impoundment and storage, prior to the release of the vehicles 13 to their owners. Each institution under the control of the board shall 14 establish procedures for the determination of controversies in con-15 nection with imposition of sanctions. The procedures shall require 16 giving notice of the violation and the sanction involved and provide an 17 opportunity for an administrative hearing. Appeal Judicial review of 18 the administrative ruling may be heard de neve by the district court 19 sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Pro-20 cedure Act. The rules promulgated under this section shall be subject 2122 to chapter 17A.

SEC. 125. Section two hundred seventy-five point eight (275.8), unnumbered paragraph one (1), Code 1973, is amended to read as fol-

The state department of public instruction shall co-operate with the several county boards of education in making the studies and surveys required hereunder. In the case of controversy over the planning of joint districts, the matter shall be submitted to the state board of public instruction judicial review of and its decision may be appealed te a court of record in one of the counties involved, by an aggricved party to the controversy, sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review must be filed within thirty days after the decision of the state board of public instruction. Joint districts shall mean districts that lie in two or more adjacent counties. An aggrieved party is hereby defined as the beard of directors of a school district whose directors are elected at large, or, if said beard is elected from director districts, then that membership of the board of directors whose districts are included in the proposed reorganized area, or a county board of education.

Section two hundred seventy-five point sixteen (275.16), unnumbered paragraphs two (2) and three (3), are amended to read as follows:

In case a controversy arises from such meeting, the county board or boards or any school district aggrieved may bring the controversy to the state department of public instruction, as provided in section 275.8, within twenty days from the publication of this order, and if

said controversy is taken to the state department of public instruction, a ten-day notice in writing shall be given to all county boards 9 and school districts affected or portions thereof. The state depart-10 ment shall have the authority to affirm the action of the joint boards, 11 12 to vacate, to dismiss all proceedings or to make such modification of 13 the action of the joint boards as in their judgment would serve the best interest of all the counties. This decision may be appealed to a 14 court of record in one of the counties by any aggreived* party to the 15 16 controversy as defined in section 275.8, Judicial review of the actions 17 of the department may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of 18 19 the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review 20 must be filed within thirty days after the decision of the state depart-21 ment of public instruction.

The court on appeal shall have the same authority as is granted in this section to the state department of public instruction.

SEC. 127. Section two hundred eighty-five point twelve (285.12), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

3 Disputes—hearings and appeals. 285.12 In the event of a disagreement between a school patron and the board of the school dis-4 5 trict, the patron if dissatisfied with the decision of the district board, 6 may appeal the same to the county board of education, notifying the secretary of the district in writing within ten days of the decision of 7 8 the board and by filing an affidavit of appeal with the county board of education within the ten-day period. The affidavit of appeal shall 9 10 include the reasons for the appeal and points at issue. The secretary of the local board on receiving notice of appeal shall certify all 11 12 papers to the county board of education which shall hear the appeal 13 within ten days of the receipt of the papers and decide it within 14 three days of the conclusion of the hearing and shall immediately notify all parties of its decision. Either party may appeal the deci-15 16 sion of the county board to the state superintendent of public instruction by notifying the opposite party and the county superintendent 17 18 of schools in writing within five days after receipt of notice of the decision of the county board of education and shall file with the state 19 20 superintendent of public instruction an affidavit of appeal, reasons for 21appeal, and the facts involved in the disagreement. The county super-22 intendent of schools shall, within ten days of said notice, file with the 23 state superintendent of public instruction all records and papers per-24 taining to the case, including action of the county board of education. The state superintendent of public instruction shall hear the appeal 25 26 within fifteen days of the filing of the records in his office, notifying 27 all parties and the county superintendent of schools of the time of hearing. The state superintendent of public instruction shall forth-28 with decide the same and notify all parties of his decision and return 29 all papers with a copy of the decision to the county superintendent of 30 31 schools. The decision of the state superintendent of public instruction 32 shall be subject to appeal to the district court judicial review in ac-33 cordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Any order of the district court shall be subject to appeal to the 34 35 supreme court in accord with the statutes respecting appeals to that

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^{*}According to enrolled Act

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court. Pending final order made by the state superintendent of public instruction, or the district court, or the supreme court, as the case may be, upon any appeal prosecuted to such superintendent or to such courts, the order of the county board of education from which the appeal is taken shall be operative and be in full force and effect.

SEC. 128. Section two hundred eighty-five point thirteen (285.13), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

285.13 Disagreements between boards. In the event of a disagreement between the board of a school district and the county board of education, the board of the school district may appeal to the state superintendent of public instruction and the procedure and times provided for in section 285.12 shall prevail in any such case. The decision of the state superintendent of public instruction shall be subject to appeal to the courts as provided for in section 285.12 judicial review in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 129. Section three hundred six point seventeen (306.17), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

306.17 Appeal. Any Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, any claimant for damages may, by serving, within twenty days after the said final order has been issued, a written notice upon the commission, board or boards which instituted and conducted such proceedings, appeal as to the amount of damages, to the district court of the county in which the land is located, in the manner and form prescribed in chapter 472 with reference to appeals from condemnation, and such proceedings shall thereafter likewise conform to the applicable provisions of said chapter.

SEC. 130. Section three hundred twenty-one point two hundred ten (321.210), unnumbered paragraph three (3), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Prior to a suspension taking effect under subsections 2, 3, 4, 5 or 7, the licensee shall have received twenty days advance notice of the effective date of the suspension, and an appeal under the previsions of section 321.215. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, the filing of a petition for judicial review shall operate to stay the suspension pending the determination by the district court.

1 SEC. 131. Section three hundred twenty-one point two hundred 2 fifteen (321.215), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and 3 inserting in lieu thereof the following:

321.215 Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the department may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 132. Section three hundred twenty-one point two hundred thirty-eight (321.238), subsection fifteen (15), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

4 15. Judicial review of the actions of the commissioner may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

Section three hundred twenty-one A point two (321A.2), subsection two (2), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsection 3 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

2. Judicial review of the actions of the commissioner may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure

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Section three hundred twenty-one B point nine SEC. 134. (321B.9), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting

3 in lieu thereof the following:

321B.9 Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the commissioner may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court in the county wherein the alleged events occurred for which the licensee was arrested or in the county in which the administrative hearing was held.

Section three hundred twenty-two point ten (322.10). Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu

thereof the following:

Judicial review. Judicial review of actions of the department may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. The petitioner shall file with the clerk a bond for the use of the respondent, with sureties approved by such clerk and in an amount fixed by him, provided in no case shall the bond be less than fifty dollars, conditioned that the petitioner shall perform the orders of the court.

Section three hundred twenty-two A point seventeen

(322A.17), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

322A.17 Appeal Judicial review. Any party to a hearing before the commission may take an appeal from any final order entered in such hearing Judicial review of actions of the commission may be sought in the manner provided for appeals in section 322.10.

SEC. 137. Section three hundred twenty-five point twenty-one (325.21), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review. Judicial review of the decisions and actions of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Such petitioners must file with the clerk of the district court a bond for costs in the sum of not less than five hundred dollars.

SEC. 138. Section three hundred twenty-six point thirty-one (326.31), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Any person whose privileges are canceled may request an administrative hearing of said action, and during the period pending the hearing the apportioned registration privileges shall be reinstated if the fleet owner posts security with the reciprocity board in an amount sufficient to pay such full annual fees if an adverse decision is rendered at the hearing. At such hearing the fleet owner shall have the burden of proof as to the accuracy of any report filed by the fleet owner with the reciprocity board, department of public safety, or the depart-

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ment of revenue. Any person aggrieved by a decision reached at the administrative hearing may appeal from such decision to the district ecurt. Judicial review of any decision reached at the administrative hearing may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 139. Section three hundred twenty-eight point thirty-nine (328.39), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1973, is amended by striking the unnumbered paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Any order of the commission or any refusal to issue, revocation or suspension of any certificate shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 140. Section four hundred twenty-one point one (421.1), subsection three (3), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsection.

SEC. 141. Section four hundred twenty-one point seventeen (421.17), subsection ten (10), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

The director may correct errors or obvious injustices in the assessment of any individual property, but the director shall not reduce the valuation of any individual property except upon the recommendation of the local board of review and no order of the director affecting any valuation shall be retroactive as to any reduction or increase in taxes payable prior to January 1 of the year in which such order is issued, or prior to September 1 of the preceding year in cities under special charter which collect their own municipal levies. Any increase in individual valuations ordered by the director shall be subject to right of appeal to the courts under the same precedure as that provided in the case of increases made by local boards of review. Judicial review of the actions of the director may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 142. Section four hundred twenty-two point twenty-nine (422.29), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

422.29 Appeals Judicial review.

1. An appeal may be taken by the taxpayer to Judicial review of actions of the director may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which he the petitioner resides, or in which his principal place of business is located, or in the case of a nonresident not maintaining a place of business in this state either in any county in which the income involved was earned or derived or in Polk county, within sixty days after he shall have received notice of a determination by the director as provided for in section 422.28.

2. The appeal shall be taken by a written notice to the director and served as an original notice. When said notice is so served it shall, with the return thereon, be filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, and docketed as other cases, with the taxpayer as plaintiff and the director as defendant. The plaintiff petitioner shall file with such the clerk a bond for the use of the defendant respondent, with sureties approved by such clerk, in penalty at least double the amount

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of tax appealed from, and in no case shall the bond be less than fifty dollars, conditioned that the plaintiff petitioner shall perform the orders of the court.

3. The court shall hear the appeal in equity and determine anew all questions submitted to it on appeal from the determination of the director. The court shall render its decree thereon and a certified copy of said decree shall be filed by the clerk of said court with the director who shall then correct the assessment in accordance with said decree. An appeal may be taken by the taxpayer or the director to the supreme court of this state in the same manner that appeals are taken in suits in equity, irrespective of the amount involved.

SEC. 143. Section four hundred twenty-two point fifty-five (422.55), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows: 422.55 Appeals.

1. An appeal may be taken by the taxpayer to Judicial review of actions of the director may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. the district court of the county in which he resides, or in which his principal place of business is located, within sixty days after he shall have received notice of a determination by the director as provided for in section 422.54.

2. The appeal shall be taken by a written notice to the director and served as an original notice. When said notice is so served it shall, with the return thereon, be filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, and docketed as other cases, with the taxpayer as plaintiff and the director as defendant. The plaintiff petitioner shall file with such the clerk a bond for the use of the defendant respondent, with sureties approved by such clerk, in penalty at least double the amount of tax appealed from, and in no case shall the bond be less than fifty dollars, conditioned that the plaintiff petitioner shall perform the orders of the court.

3. The court shall hear the appeal in equity and determine anew all questions submitted to it on appeal from the determination of the director. In such appeal, the burden of proof shall be upon the tax-payer. The court shall render its decree thereon and a certified copy of said decree shall be filed by the clerk of said court with the director who shall then correct the assessment in accordance with said decree. An appeal may be taken by the taxpayer or the director to the supreme court of this state in the same manner that appeals are taken in suits in equity, irrespective of the amount involved.

SEC. 144. Section four hundred twenty-two point fifty-seven (422.57), subsection one (1), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

1. Any notice, except notice of appeal, authorized or required under the provisions of this division may be given by mailing the same to the person for whom it is intended by certified mail, addressed to such person at the address given in the last return filed by him pursuant to the provisions of this division, or if no return has been filed, then to such address as may be obtainable. The mailing of such notice shall be presumptive evidence of the receipt of the same by the person to whom addressed. Any period of time which is determined according to the provisions of this division by the giving of notice shall

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13 commence to run from the date of registration and posting of such 14 notice.

SEC. 145. Section four hundred twenty-three point sixteen

(423.16), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

423.16 Determination by department. If any return required by this chapter is not filed, or if any return when filed is incorrect or insufficient, and the maker or person from whom it is due fails to file a corrected or sufficient return within twenty days after the same is required by notice from the department, the department shall have the same power to determine the amount due, as is vested in the department by sections 422.54, 422.55, and 422.57, subject to all of the provisions, and restrictions, and rights of appeal to seek judicial review provided in said sections. Where a return required by this chapter has been filed, the five-year period of limitation specified in subsection 1 of section 422.54 shall apply to the making of a determination by the department of the amount of tax due hereunder and to the giving of notice to the taxpayer of such determination.

SEC. 146. Section four hundred twenty-four point six (424.6), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

424.6 Appeals.

1. An appeal may be taken by the taxpayer to Judicial review of actions of the director may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. the district court of the county in which he resides, or in which his principal place of business is lecated, within sixty days after he shall have received notice of a determination by the director as provided for in section 424.5.

2. The appeal shall be taken by a written notice to the director and served as an original notice. When said notice is so served it shall, with the return thereon, be filed in the effice of the clerk of said district court, and decketed as other cases, with the taxpayer as plaintiff and the director as defendant. The plaintiff petitioner shall file with such the clerk a bond for the use of the defendant respondent and the state with sureties approved by such clerk, in penalty at least double the amount of tax appealed from which review is sought, and in no case shall the bond be less than fifty dollars and conditioned that the plaintiff petitioner shall pay any amount found to be due the defendant respondent or the state and will perform the orders of the court.

3. The court shall hear the appeal in equity and determine anew all questions submitted to it en appeal from the determination of the director. The court shall render its decree thereon and a certified copy of said decree shall be filed by the clerk of said court with the director who shall then correct the assessment in accordance with said decree. An appeal may be taken by the taxpayer or the director to the supreme court of this state in the same manner that appeals are taken in suits in equity, irrespective of the amount involved.

SEC. 147. Section four hundred twenty-five point seven (425.7), subsection three (3), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

3. Should the director of revenue determine, upon investigation, that any claim for homestead credit has been allowed by any board of supervisors which is not justifiable under the law and not substantiated by proper facts, the director may, at any time within one year

after the receipt by the department of revenue of the certification of 8 such credit by any county treasurer, set aside such allowance. Notice of such disallowance shall be given to the county auditor of the county 9 10 in which such claim has been improperly granted and a written notice 11 of such disallowance shall also be addressed to the claimant at his last 12 Such claimant, or the board of supervisors, may known address. 13 appeal frem seek judicial review of the action of the director of reve-14 nue in the same manner, and in the same time, as provided by subsec-15 tion 1 accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Proce-16 dure Act. Where such appeal is taken by the claimant er by the board 17 of supervisors, the appellant shall within ten days after the filing of 18 such appeal, notify the director of revenue by restricted certified mail 19 of the filing of said appeal. In any case where a claim is so disallowed 20 by the director of revenue and no appeal is taken from such disallow-21 ance petition for judicial review is filed with respect to such disallow-22 ance, any amounts of credits allowed and paid from the homestead 23 credit fund shall become a lien upon the property on which said credit 24 was originally granted, if still in the hands of the claimant, and not in 25 the hands of a bona fide purchaser, and any amount so erroneously 26 paid shall be collected by the county treasurer in the same manner as 27 other taxes and such collections shall be returned to the department 28 of revenue and credited to the homestead credit fund. The director of 29 revenue shall also have the authority to institute legal proceedings 30 against a homestead credit claimant for the collection of all payments 31 made on such disallowed credits. 32

Said appeals shall be tried by equitable proceedings.

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Section four hundred twenty-six A point six (426A.6), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Setting aside allowance. Should the director of revenue determine, upon investigation, that any claim for military service tax exemption has been allowed by any board of supervisors which is not justifiable under the law and not substantiated by proper facts, the director may, at any time within one year after the receipt by the department of revenue of the certification of such exemption by any county treasurer, set aside such allowance. Notice of such disallowance shall be given to the county auditor of the county in which such claim has been improperly granted and a written notice of such disallowance shall also be addressed to the claimant at his last known address. Such claimant, or the board of supervisors, may appeal from the action of seek judicial review of the action of the director of revenue in the same manner, and in the same time, as provided for appeals from disallowance by the board of supervisors accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. When such appeal is taken by claimant or by the beard of supervisors, the appellant shall, within ten days after the filing of such appeal, notify the director of revenue, by restricted certified mail of the filing of said appeal. In any case, where a claim is so disallowed by the director of revenue and no appeal is taken from petition for judicial review is filed with respect to such disallowance, any amounts of credits allowed and paid from the military service tax credit fund shall become a lien upon the property on which said credit was originally granted, if still in the hands of the claimant, and not in the hands of a bona fide purchaser. and any amount so erroneously paid shall be collected by the county

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treasurer in the same manner as other taxes and such collections shall be returned to the department of revenue and credited to the military service tax credit fund. The director of revenue shall also have the authority to institute legal proceedings against a military service tax exemption claimant for the collection of all payments made on such disallowed exemptions. Said appeals shall be tried by equitable proceedings.

SEC. 149. Section four hundred twenty-seven point one (427.1), subsection twenty-six (26), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows: 26. Revoking exemption. Any taxpayer or any taxing district may make application to the director of revenue for revocation for any exemption, based upon alleged violations of the provisions of this chap-The director of revenue may also on his own motion set aside any exemption which has been granted upon property for which exemption is claimed under this chapter. The director of revenue shall give notice by certified mail to the societies or organizations claiming an exemption upon property, exemption of which is questioned before or by the director of revenue, and any order made by the director of revenue revoking or modifying such exemption shall be subject to appeal to judicial review in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court having jurisdiction in the county in which such property is located, such appeal to be triable in equity, and to be made within twenty days after any order reveking such exemption is made by the director of revenue and must be filed within thirty days after any order revoking such exemption is made by the director of revenue.

SEC. 150. Section four hundred twenty-eight point thirty-one (428.31), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

428.31 Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the director may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review shall be filed within thirty days after the final decision of the director has been certified to the county auditor.

SEC. 151. Section four hundred thirty A point five (430A.5), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

430A.5 Forms—several places of business. The director of revenue shall prescribe forms for the making of returns as provided by this chapter. Any individual, partnership or agency subject to the provisions of this chapter and which maintains more than one place of business within the state of Iowa, may elect to make the return provided for by this chapter to the director of revenue, who shall determine the proper assessment to be made in each taxing district in which such taxpayer maintains a place of business, and the results thereof shall be by the director of revenue promptly certified to the county auditors of the respective counties in which offices are maintained, who shall add such assessments to the tax lists. In making such assessments the director of revenue shall determine the proportion of business done by such taxpayer in each taxing district in which

a place of business is maintained, and shall assess in each taxing dis-16 17 trict an amount in proportion to the business done in such taxing dis-18 trict to the amount of business done in the entire state. The director of revenue shall have the power to require the making of a return by 19 20 any corporation, individual, partnership, or agency which the director 21 deems to be subject to taxation under the provisions of this chapter and in case of failure or refusal to make such a return, the director of 22 23 revenue shall make an assessment based upon the best information the 24 director is able to obtain against any such corporation, individual, 25 partnership, or agency, and shall certify such assessment as provided 26 by this chapter. Appeals Judicial review may be taken from sought of 27 the action of the director of revenue in regard to assessments or 28 orders made by the director in connection with this chapter under the 29 same procedure generally, as is provided by section 422.29.

SEC. 152. Section four hundred forty-one point forty-seven (441.47), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Adjusted valuations. The director of revenue on or about the third Monday of September in each year shall adjust the valuation of property in the several counties adding to or deducting from the valuation of each kind or class of property such percentage in each case as will bring the same to its taxable value as fixed in this chapter and chapters 427 to 443, inclusive. The director shall also adjust the valuations as between each kind or class of property in any city assessed by a city assessor and each kind or class of property in the same county assessed by the county assessor. The director shall order the equalization of the levels of assessment of each class of property in the first and third year of the quadrennial assessment For purposes of such value adjustments and before such equalization the director shall adopt, with approval of the state board of tax review and in the manner prescribed by chapter 17A, such rules as may be necessary to determine the level of assessment for each class of property in each county. The rules shall cover: (a) The proposed use of the assessment-sales ratio study set out in section 421.17, subsection 6; (b) the proposed use of any state-wide income capitalization studies; (c) the proposed use of other methods that would assist the director in arriving at the accurate level of assessment of each class of property in each assessing jurisdiction.

SEC. 153. Section four hundred fifty-five A point twenty (455A.20), unnumbered paragraph one (1), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

455A.20 Hearing—appeal. If the water commissioner at the first hearing or the council at the hearing on appeal shall determine after due investigation that such diversion, storage or withdrawal will not be detrimental to the public interests, including drainage and levee districts, or to the interests of property owners with prior or superior rights who might be affected, the water commissioner following the first hearing, or the council following the hearing on appeal shall grant a permit for such diversion, storage or withdrawal. Any person or public body aggrieved by the granting of such permit may appeal as provided by Judicial review of such action is available in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administative* Procedure Act and

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section 455A.37. Permits may be granted for any period of time but not to exceed ten years. Permits may be granted which provide for less diversion, storage, or withdrawal of waters than set forth in the application. Permits may be extended by the water commissioner for a period of not more than ninety days during the pendency of an application for renewal. Any permit granted shall remain as an appurtenance of the land described therein through the date specified in such permit and any extension thereof or such earlier date as the permit or any extension thereof is revoked or canceled under the provisions of section 455A.28.

Section four hundred fifty-five A point thirty-seven (455A.37), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and insert-

ing in lieu thereof the following:

455A.37 Judicial review. Judicial review of action of the council may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of Polk county or of any county in which the property affected is located. If the council, the district court, or the supreme court shall determine that the order of the council be stayed, the petitioner shall file an appropriate bond approved by the court.

SEC. 155. Section four hundred fifty-five B point nineteen (455B.19), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and insert-

ing in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review. Judicial review of actions of the commission or of the executive director may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which the alleged offense was committed.

SEC. 156. Section four hundred fifty-five B point thirty-nine (455B.39), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and insert-

ing in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review. Judicial review of any order or other action of the commission or of the executive director may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which the alleged offense was committed or such final order was entered. The setting aside of any order of the executive director or the commission by the court shall not preclude the commission or the executive director from again instituting proceedings against the same person if the commission or the executive director feels that the public health is endangered.

SEC. 157. Section four hundred fifty-five B point forty-one (455B.41), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

455B.41 Stay order. Action of the department shall not be stayed by an appeal except by order of the court for good cause shown by the appellant. The granting of a stay may be conditioned upon the furnishing by the appellant of such reasonable security as the court may direct. A stay may be vacated on application of the department or any other party after hearing by the court.

SEC. 158. Section four hundred fifty-five B point eighty-three (455B.83), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

2 3 455B.83 Appeal from order. Any person aggrieved by an order 4 of the commission or the executive director may appeal the same by 5 filing a written notice of appeal with the executive director within thirty days of the issuance of the order. The executive director shall 6 7 schedule a hearing for the purpose of hearing the arguments of the 8 aggrieved person within thirty days of the filing of the notice of appeal. The hearing may be held before the commission or its des-9 ignee. A complete record shall be made of the proceedings. The ex-10 ecutive director shall issue the findings in writing to the aggrieved 11 12 person within thirty days of the conclusion of such hearing. H such person is not satisfied with the findings of the commission, he may 13 appeal such findings to Judicial review may be sought of actions of 14 15 the commission or executive director in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms 16 of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial 17 review may be filed in the district court of the county wherein the 18 acts in issue occurred. Such appeal shall be made within thirty days 19 of the issuance of the findings of the commission and a copy of the 20 21 same shall be filed with the commission. The court upon the filing of 22 such appeal shall hear the appeal in equity.

SEC. 159. Section four hundred fifty-five B point ninety-two (455B.92), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

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4 455B.92 Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, a petition for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which the alleged violation was committed or in which a final order was entered.

SEC. 160. Section four hundred seventy-four point twenty-eight (474.28), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

474.28 Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 161. Section four hundred seventy-four point twenty-nine (474.29), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

474.29 Remitting penalty. When any common carrier shall fail upon appeal in a judicial review proceeding to secure a vacation of the order appealed from objected to, it may apply to the court in which the appeal review proceeding is finally adjudicated for an order remitting the penalty which has accrued during the pendency of the appeal review proceeding. Upon a satisfactory showing that the appeal was prosecuted petition for judicial review was filed in good faith and not for the purpose of delay, and that there were reasonable grounds to believe that the order appealed from was unreasonable or unjust or that the power of the commission to make the same was doubtful, such court may remit the penalty that has accrued during the pendency of the appeal review proceeding.

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Section four hundred eighty-four point sixteen (484.16), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

484.16 Compensation—disagreement—proceedings. Any interurban railway company shall pay a reasonable compensation for the privileges and facilities furnished to it by a street railway company and in case of disagreement as to the facilities to be furnished or the conditions for their use or the compensation therefor, the question shall be submitted to and heard and determined by the state commerce commission, on petition of either party, and on ten days' writ-9 ten notice of such hearing served on the opposite party. Any order 10 made by the commission or the court on appeal in a judicial review proceeding shall be subject to review and modification from time to 12 13 time on ten days' written notice by either party setting forth the 14 grounds of the application.

SEC. 163. Section four hundred eighty-four point seventeen (484.17), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting 2 3 in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review. Judicial review of actions of the commis-484.17sion may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 164. Section four hundred eighty-four point eighteen (484.18), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

484.18 Trial—Bond. The appeal shall be triable in equity at any time following the expiration of twenty days after filing of the transcript and shall be accorded priority for disposition over all other civil causes. No appeal Neither the agency nor the court shall suspend the order or decision appealed from under review, if the interurban company on whose behalf the order or decision is made shall file with the secretary of the commission a bond with sureties approved by the commission, conditioned for the payment of any judgment for costs and compensation and for obedience to any order or decree of the court.

SEC. 165. Section four hundred eighty-five point three (485.3), 2 Code 1973, is amended by adding the following new paragraph: 3

NEW PARAGRAPH. This section is applicable notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 166. Section four hundred eighty-nine point thirty-two (489.32), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

489.32 Rehearing and appeal—judicial review. Any person, company, or corporation aggrieved by the action of the commission in granting or failing to grant a franchise under the provisions of this chapter, shall be entitled to the rehearing and appeal procedures procedure provided in sections section 490A.12 through 490A.19, inclusive. Judicial review of actions of the commissioner may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 167. Section four hundred ninety point thirty-two (490.32), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

490.32 Rehearing and appeal-judicial review. Rehearing and appeal precedures procedure for any person, company, or corporation aggrieved by the action of the commission in granting or failing to 6 grant a permit under the provisions of this chapter shall be as provided in sections section 490A.12 through 490A.19, inclusive. Judicial review may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

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SEC. 168. Section four hundred ninety A point six (490A.6), unnumbered paragraph seven (7), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

If, after hearing and decision on all issues presented for determination in such rate proceeding, the commission shall find the rates, charges, schedules or regulations of the utility to be unlawful, the same shall be set aside and the commission shall by order authorize and direct the utility to file rates, charges, schedules or regulations which, when approved by the commission and placed in effect, will satisfy the requirements of this chapter. The rates, charges, schedules or regulations so approved shall be lawful and effective unless changed as herein provided. In the event a petition for rehearing is filed er an appeal is taken from or a petition for judicial review is sought from an order concerning rates, charges, schedules or regulations which are in effect under bond, those rates, charges, schedules or regulations may, notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, be continued in effect by the utility under the terms of a bond or other undertaking pending final determination of the application for rehearing or appeal from proceeding for judicial review of an order of the commission.

SEC. 169. Section four hundred ninety A point thirteen (490A.13), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

490A.13 Judicial review. Judicial review of actions of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petition for judicial review may be filed in the district court of any county wherein the order of the commission or some part thereof is to take effect.

SEC. 170. Section four hundred ninety-six A point one hundred thirty-five (496A.135), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Appeal from secretary of state Judicial review. If the secretary of state shall fail to approve any articles of incorporation, amendment, merger, consolidation or dissolution, or any other document required by this chapter to be approved by the secretary of state before the same shall be filed in his office, he shall, within ten days after the delivery thereof to him, give written notice of his disapproval to the person or corporation, domestic or foreign, delivering the same, specifying the reasons therefor. From such disapproval such person or corporation may appeal to Judicial review of the acts of the secretary of state may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which the registered office of such corporation is, or is proposed to be, situated by filing with the clerk of such court a petition setting forth a copy of the articles or other documents sought to be filed and a copy of the written disapproval thereof by the secretary of state; where-

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upon the matter shall be tried de novo by the court, and the court shall either sustain the action of the secretary of state or direct him to take such action as the court may deem proper.

If the secretary of state shall revoke the certificate of authority to transact business in this state of any foreign corporation, pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, such fereign corporation may likewise appeal to judicial review of such action of the secretary of state may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county where the registered office of such corporation in this state is situated by filing with the clerk of such corporation setting forth a copy of its certificate of authority to transact business in this state and a copy of the notice of revocation given by the secretary of state; whereupon the matter shall be tried do nove by the court, and the court shall either sustain the action of the secretary of state or direct him to take such action as the court may deem proper.

Appeals from all final orders and judgments entered by the district court under this section in review of any ruling or decision of the secretary of state may be taken as in other civil actions.

SEC. 171. Section five hundred two point twenty-four (502.24), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

502.24 Judicial review. Judicial review of actions of the commissioner of insurance may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, upon execution of a bond in the penal sum of one thousand dollars to the state of Iowa, with sufficient surety, to be approved by the clerk of the court conditioned upon the faithful prosecution of such petition for judicial review, and the payment of all costs adjudged against the petitioner.

SEC. 172. Section five hundred four A point ninety-two (504A.92), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

504A.92 Appeal from secretary of state Judicial review. If the secretary of state shall fail to approve any articles of incorporation, amendment, merger, consolidation or dissolution or any other document required by this chapter to be approved by the secretary of state before the same shall be filed in his office, he shall, within ten days after the delivery thereof to him, give written notice of his disapproval to the person or corporation, domestic or foreign, delivering the same, specifying the reasons therefor. From such disapproval such person or corporation may appeal to Judicial review of the acts of the secretary of state may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county in which the registered office of such corporation is, or is proposed to be, situated by filing with the clerk of such court a petition setting forth a copy of the articles or other document sought to be filed and a copy of the written disapproval thereof by the secretary of state; whereupon the matter shall be tried de novo by the court, and the court

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shall either sustain the action of the secretary of state or direct him to take such action as the court may deem proper.

If the secretary of state shall revoke the certificate of authority to conduct affairs in this state of any foreign corporation, pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, such foreign corporation may likewise appeal to judicial review may be sought of such action in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county where the registered office of such corporation in this state is situated by filing with the clerk of such court a petition setting forth a copy of its certificate of authority to conduct affairs in this state and a copy of the notice of revocation given by the secretary of state; whereupen the matter shall be tried do novo by the court, and the court shall either sustain the action of the secretary of state or direct him to take such action as the court may deem proper.

Appeals from all final orders and judgments entered by the district court under this section in review of any ruling or decision of the secretary of state may be taken as in other civil actions.

SEC. 173. Section five hundred six point nine (506.9), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

506.9 Judicial review. Judicial review of the acts of commissioner of insurance may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 174. Section five hundred seven B point eight (507B.8), subsections one (1), two (2), and three (3), Code 1973, are amended by striking the subsections and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review of the actions of the commissioner may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. To the extent that an order of the commissioner is affirmed in any judicial review proceeding, the court shall thereupon issue its own order commanding obedience to the terms of such order of the commissioner.

SEC. 175. Section five hundred fourteen point thirteen (514.13), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

514.13 Arbitration of disputes. Any dispute arising between a corporation organized under said chapter and any hospital with which such corporation has a contract for hospital service, or any physician and surgeon, dentist, podiatrist, osteopathic physician, or osteopathic physician and surgeon with whom any such corporation has a contract for medical and surgical service or any pharmacy or optometrist with whom any such corporation has a contract for pharmaceutical or optometric service, as provided for herein, may be submitted to the commissioner of insurance for his decision. All decisions and findings of the commissioner of insurance may be judicially reviewed by proper proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 176. Section five hundred fourteen A point ten (514A.10), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

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514A.10 Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the commissioner may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa 5 6 Administrative Procedure Act.

1 Sec. 177. Section five hundred fifteen point one hundred thirtyfive (515.135), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and in-2 3

serting in lieu thereof the following:

- Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the com-4 missioner of insurance may be sought in accordance with the terms of 5 6 the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, upon filing with the clerk of 7 court a good and sufficient bond for the payment of all costs adjudged against the petitioner. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judicial review may be filed 8 9 in the district court of the county where the decision of the commis-10 sioner, pursuant to section five hundred fifteen point one hundred 11 thirty-four (515.134) of the Code, was made. 12
- Section five hundred fifteen point one hundred thirtysix (515.136), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows: 2
 - 515.136 Incrimination. The statements and declarations made or testimony given by any such officer, agent or employee in the investigation before the commissioner of insurance, or upon the hearing and trial before the district court on the petition for judicial review, as provided in sections 515.133 to 515.135, inclusive, shall not be used against the person making the same in any criminal prosecution against him.
- SEC. 179. Section five hundred fifteen A point eighteen (515A.18), 1 subsection three (3), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 2 3
- 3. Judicial review of the actions of the commissioner may be sought 4 in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure 5 6 Act.
 - SEC. 180. Section five hundred fifteen B point seven (515B.7), subsection three (3), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 3. Judicial review of actions of the commissioner may be sought in 4 accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.
- 1 SEC. 181. Section five hundred twenty-one A point thirteen (521A.13), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and insert-2 3 ing in lieu thereof the following:
- 521A.13 Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the 4 5 commissioner may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. 6
- SEC. 182. Section five hundred twenty-four point two hundred twenty-five (524.225), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

 524.225 Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the superintendent may be sought in accordance with the terms of the 2
- 4 5 Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. 6
- SEC. 183. Section five hundred twenty-four point three hundred 1 five (524.305), subsection six (6), unnumbered paragraph three (3),

3 Code 1973, is amended by striking the unnumbered paragraph and 4 inserting in lieu thereof the following:

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The actions of the superintendent shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. The court may award damages to the incorporators if it finds that review is sought frivolously and in bad faith.

SEC. 184. Section five hundred twenty-four point six hundred six (524.606), subsection two (2), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

The decision of the superintendent shall be subject to judicial review by the district court of Polk county upon petition by the removed director within thirty days after the superintendent notifies such director of his decision in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. The decision of the superintendent shall be upheld unless unsupported by substantial evidence. No action taken by a director prior to his removal shall be subject to attack on the ground of his disqualification.

SEC. 185. Section five hundred twenty-four point one thousand three hundred three (524.1303), subsection two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

4 2. Upon receipt of an application for approval of a plan of dissolu-5 tion the superintendent shall conduct such investigation as he may 6 deem necessary to determine whether the plan adequately protects 7 the interests of depositors, other creditors and shareholders and, if 8 the plan involves an acquisition of assets and assumption of liabili-9 ties by another state bank, whether such acquisition and assumption 10 would be consistent with adequate and sound banking and in the public interest, on the basis of factors substantially similar to those 11 set forth in paragraph "d" of subsection 1 of section 524.1403. With-12 13 in ninety days after receipt of the application, the superintendent 14 shall approve or disapprove the application on the basis of his inves-15 tigation. Before receiving the decision of the superintendent with 16 respect to the pending application, the applying state bank shall, upon 17 notice, reimburse the superintendent to the extent of the expenses 18 incurred by him in connection with the application. Thereafter the 19 superintendent shall give to the applying state bank written notice of 20 his decision, and in the event of disapproval, a statement of the reasons for his decision. The decision of the superintendent shall be 21 22 subject to judicial review by the district court of Polk county upon 23 petition by any interested party within thirty days after the superintendent notifies the applying bank of his decision in accordance with 24 25 the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. The decision 26 of the superintendent shall be upheld unless unsupported by substan-27 tial evidence.

SEC. 186. Section five hundred twenty-four point one thousand four hundred three (524.1403), subsection two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

2. Within one hundred eighty days after receipt of the application, or within an additional period of not more than sixty days after receipt of an amendment of the application, the superintendent shall make a determination whether to approve or disapprove the application on the basis of his investigation. The plan shall not be modified

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at any time after approval of the application by the superintendent. Prior to making a determination on the pending application the super-intendent shall, upon adequate notice, afford all interested persons an opportunity for a stenographically reported hearing during which such persons shall be allowed to present evidence in support of, or in opposition to, the pending application. If the superintendent finds that he must act immediately on the pending application in order to protect the interests of depositors or the assets of any party to the plan, he may proceed without requiring publication of the notice and without providing for the hearing referred to in this subsection. Before receiving the decision of the superintendent with respect to the pending application, the parties to the plan shall, upon notice, reimburse the superintendent to the extent of the expenses incurred by him in connection with the application. Thereafter the superintendent shall give to the parties to the plan written notice of his decision and, in the event of disapproval, a statement of the reasons for his decision. The decision of the superintendent shall be subject to judicial review by the district court of Polk county upon petition by any interested person within thirty days after the superintendent notifies the parties to the plan of his decision in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. The decision of the superintendent shall be upheld unless unsupported by substantial evidence.

SEC. 187. Section five hundred twenty-four point one thousand four hundred thirteen (524.1413), unnumbered paragraph two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Within ninety days after receipt of the application the superintendent shall make a determination whether to approve or disapprove the pending application on the basis of his investigation. Before receiving the decision of the superintendent with respect to the pending application, the national bank shall, upon notice, reimburse the superintendent to the extent of the expenses incurred by him in connection with the application. Thereafter, the superintendent shall give the national bank written notice of his decision and, in the event of disapproval, a statement of the reasons for his decision. If the superintendent approves the pending application, he shall deliver the articles of conversion, with his approval indicated thereon, to the secretary of state. The decision of the superintendent shall be subject to judicial review by the district court of Polk county upon petition by any interested party in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, such a petition for judicial review must be filed within thirty days after the superintendent notifies the national bank of his decision. The decision of the superintendent shall be upheld unless unsupported by substantial evidence.

SEC. 188. Section five hundred twenty-four point one thousand five hundred five (524.1505), subsection two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

2. Within sixty days after receipt of the articles of amendment the superintendent shall approve or disapprove the articles of amendment on the basis of his investigation. If the superintendent shall approve the articles of amendment, he shall deliver them with his written approval to the secretary of state and notify the state bank of his

action. If the superintendent shall disapprove the articles of amend-10 ment, he shall give written notice to the state bank of his disapproval and a statement of the reasons for his decision. The decision of the 11 12 superintendent shall be subject to judicial review by the district court 13 of Pelk county upon petition by any interested party in accordance 14 with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwith-15 standing the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, such a 16 petition for judicial review must be filed within thirty days after the superintendent notifies the state bank of his decision. The decision of 17 the superintendent shall be upheld unless unsupported by substantial 18 19 evidence.

SEC. 189. Section five hundred twenty-four point one thousand five hundred seven (524.1507), subsection two (2), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

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2. Upon receipt of an application for approval of a change of location of the principal place of business of a state bank pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, the superintendent shall conduct such investigation as he deems necessary giving due consideration to factors substantially similar to those set forth in subsections 2 through 6 of section 524.305. Within one hundred eighty days after receipt of the application, the superintendent shall make a determination whether to approve or disapprove the application on the basis of his investigation. Prior to making a determination on the pending application the superintendent shall, upon adequate notice, afford all interested persons an opportunity for a stenographically reported hearing during which such persons shall be allowed to present evidence in support of, or in opposition to, the pending application. Thereafter the superintendent shall give written notice of his decision to the state bank and, in the event of disapproval, a statement of the reasons for his decision. If the superintendent shall approve the change in location he shall deliver the articles of amendment to the secretary of state. The decision of the superintendent shall be subject to judicial review by the district court of Polk county upon petition by any interested person within thirty days after the superintendent notifies the state bank of his decision in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. The decision of the superintendent shall be upheld unless unsupported by substantial evidence. Before receiving the decision of the superintendent with respect to the pending application, the state bank shall upon notice reimburse the superintendent to the extent of the expenses incurred by him in connection with the application.

SEC. 190. Section five hundred thirty-three A point fifteen (533A.15), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

533A.15 Judicial review. Judicial review of actions of the superintendent pursuant to sections 533A.3 and 533A.7 may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 191. Section five hundred thirty-four point three (534.3), subsection three (3), paragraphs b and j, Code 1973, are amended to read as follows:

b. If the executive council does not affirmatively find as to each and all of the said requirements it shall enter its disapproval of record

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together with a statement of its findings and conclusions and a cer-7 tificate of incorporation shall not be issued. Upon such disapproval the executive council shall, by registered mail, notify one, or all, of the proposed incorporators of its disapproval together with the rea-8 9 10 sons for such disapproval. and thereupon, the proposed incorporators. if not satisfied with such action, may Judicial review of the actions 11 12 of the executive council may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the 13 terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petitions for judi-14 15 cial review must be filed within sixty thirty days after the mailing of such notice appeal to, and may be filed in the district court of Iowa in and for the county in which the principal place of business of the 16 17 18 proposed association is to be located from such findings and disap-19 proval by serving a notice of such appeal upon the auditor of state, 20 setting forth in general terms the decisions appealed from and the 21 grounds of the appeal and by filing with the clerk of the said court, 22 within such sixty days, a duly verified petition stating the facts and 23 the grounds of complaint and having attached thereto a copy of the preposed articles of incorporation and bylaws and a copy of the find-24 25 ings and conclusions of the executive council. Such appeal shall be tri-26 able as a mandamus proceeding in equity and the findings and decisions of the executive council shall be binding upon the court unless 27 28 everceme by clear and convincing proof. Any party aggrieved by the 29 erder, judgment, or decree of the court may appeal therefrom to the 30 supreme court of Iowa. 31

j. The executive council shall have the power and it shall be its duty, to revoke any certificate of authority given to any association whenever it appears to said council that said association is transacting business illegally, or is unjust and oppressive to its members or the public. Before any such revocation shall be declared, the executive council shall first give thirty days' written notice of its intentions to revoke to the association involved and to the federal home loan bank. Said notice shall fix a time and place for hearing on the intended revocation and a permanent record shall be made of the proceedings, hearing and findings and parties so involved and notified shall be furnished with a copy thereof. The association may appeal any such finding of revocation to the district court within ten days from receipt of a copy thereof. Trial shall be in equity and de nove. Judicial review of actions of the executive council may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

1 SEC. 192. Section five hundred thirty-four point sixty-eight 2 (534.68), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting 3 in lieu thereof the following:

534.68 Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the supervisor may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa 6 Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 193. Section five hundred thirty-six point twenty-three (536.23), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review. Judicial review of the actions of the 5 superintendent or the state banking board may be sought in accord-6 ance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 194. Section five hundred thirty-six A (536A.11), unnumbered paragraph three (3), Code 1973, is amended by striking the section* and inserting in lieu thereof the following: Judicial review of actions of the auditor may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

Section five hundred thirty-six A point eighteen (536A.18), unnumbered paragraphs two (2) and three (3), Code 1973, are amended to read as follows:

No suspension, revocation, relinquishment or expiration of any license shall invalidate, impair or affect the legality of obligations of any pre-existing contracts, or prevent the enforcement and collection thereof, and provided further that any such suspension or revocation shall not become final if any licensee, within thirty days from entry of such order suspending or reveking its license appeals to the district court of Polk county, Iowa. Judicial review of the actions of the auditor may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

The district court of Polk county, Iowa, shall have the power to enter such order as justice shall require pending the hearing of such appeal, and shall set aside the order or decision of the auditor if it be found that:

- 17 1. The auditor acted arbitrarily, capriciously or in excess of his 18 power. 19
 - 2. The order or decision was obtained by fraud.
 - 3. The order or decision is contrary to law.

SEC. 196. Section five hundred forty-three point ten (543.10), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

Suspension or revocation of license. The commission is empowered after hearing before it and upon information being filed with the commission by the duly authorized head of the warehouse division of the commission or upon complaint filed by any person to suspend or revoke the license of anyone licensed under this chapter for the violation of or failure to comply with the provisions of this chapter or any rule or regulation made in pursuance of the authority therefor granted under this chapter. An information or a verified complaint stating the grounds for suspension or revocation shall be filed with the commission in triplicate, and thereupon the commission shall serve the licensee complained against with a copy of the information or the complaint and a copy of the order of the commission fixing the time for hearing thereon, which time shall be at least twenty days from the date of service. If the commission determines that the public good requires it, it may upon the filing of the information or the complaint and without hearing, temporarily suspend a license pending the determination by it of the complaint. Any licensee aggrieved by the decision of the commission may appeal said decision to the district court by service of notice of appeal upon the commission within thirty days following the filing of the decision of the commission in the office of the commission. The commission shall forthwith

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- 24 upon service of notice of appeal certify the complete record of the proceedings before it to the effice of the clerk of the district court. 26 The appeal shall be tried by the court only upon the record so certified to the court. Judicial review of the actions of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.
 - SEC. 197. Section five hundred forty-eight point two (548.2), subsection two (2), Code 1973, is amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 4 2. Judicial review of actions of the secretary of state may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.
 - SEC. 198. Section five hundred fifty-one A point eleven (551A.11), unnumbered paragraph three (3), Code 1973, is amended by striking the unnumbered paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Judicial review of the actions of the director may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, and section four hundred twenty-two point fifty-five (422.55) of the Code.

SEC. 199. Section six hundred one A point ten (601A.10), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

601A.10 Judicial review—enforcement.

- 1. Any complainant or respondent claiming to be aggrieved by a final order of the commission, including a refusal to issue an order, may obtain judicial review thereof, and the Judicial review of the actions of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, petition for judicial review may be filed in the district court in which an enforcement proceeding under subsection two (2) of this section may be brought.
- 2. The commission may obtain an order of court for the enforcement of commission orders in a proceeding as provided in this section.
- 2. Such an enforcement proceeding shall be brought in the district court of the district in the county in which the alleged discriminatory or unfair practice which is the subject of the commission's order was committed, or in which any respondent required in the order to cease or desist from a discriminatory or unfair practice or to take other affirmative action, resides, or transacts business.
- 3. Such an enforcement proceeding shall be initiated by the filing of a petition in such court and the service of a copy thereof upon the commission and upon respondent or complainant. Thereupon the commission shall file with the court a transcript of the record of the hearing before it. The court shall have jurisdiction of the proceeding and the questions determined therein, and shall have power to grant such temporary relief or restraining order as it deems just and proper, and to make and enter upon the pleadings, testimony, and proceedings set forth in such transcript an order enforcing, modifying, and enforcing as so modified, or setting aside the order of the

32 commission, in whole or in part.

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- 4. An objection that has not been urged before the commission shall not be considered by the court in an enforcement proceeding, unless the failure or neglect to urge such objection shall be excused because of extraordinary circumstances.
 - 5. Any party to the enforcement proceeding may move the court to remit the case to the commission in the interests of justice for the purpose of adducing additional specified and material evidence and seeking findings thereof, providing such party shall show reasonable grounds for the failure to adduce such evidence before the commission.
 - 6. The hearing on appeal shall be tried in equity and shall be de novo. The court may receive additional testimony and may affirm, modify, or reverse the order of the commission. In the enforcement proceeding the court shall determine its order on the same basis as it would in a proceeding reviewing commission action under subsection eight (8) of section nineteen (19) of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.
- 7. The jurisdiction of the court shall be exclusive and its judgment and order shall be final subject to review by the supreme court as provided by law.
- vided by law.

 8 7. The commission's copy of the testimony shall be available to all parties for examination at all reasonable times, without cost, and for the purpose of judicial review of the commission's orders.
 - 9 8. The commission may appear in court by its own attorney.
- 10. Unless otherwise directed by the commission or court, commencement of review proceedings under this section shall operate as a stay of any order.
- 41 9. Petitions filed under this section shall be heard expeditiously and determined upon the transcript filed without requirement for printing.
- 12. 10. If no proceeding to obtain judicial review is instituted by a complainant or respondent within thirty days from the service of an order of the commission under section 601A.9, the commission may obtain an order of the court for the enforcement of such order upon showing that respondent is subject to the jurisdiction of the commission and resides or transacts business within the county in which the petition for enforcement is brought.
- SEC. 200. Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter one hundred seventy-six (176), section eight (8), is amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 8. Rules and guidelines issued pursuant to the authority granted in this Act shall be confined to programs and services authorized by this Act and supported by state funds. Notwithstanding, any other provisions of the Code, any rules, regulations or guidelines issued under provisions of this Act shall be subject to approval by the departmental rules review committee and the attorney general.
- 1 Sec. 201. Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, 2 chapter one hundred eighty-one (181), section nineteen (19), is 3 amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 19. NEW SECTION. Hearing before licensing board. If a licensee under this Act makes a written request for a hearing within thirty days of suspension, revocation or refusal to renew his license, a

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hearing before the drug treatment licensing board shall be expeditiously arranged. If the role of a licensing board member is inconsistent with any member's job role or function, or if any member 9 feels he is unable for any reason to disinterestedly weigh the merits 10 of the case before him, a substitute representative from the agency 11 12 that member represents on the board shall be appointed by the director for the hearing on that case. The board shall, within thirty days 13 after conclusion of the hearing, issue a written statement of its find-14 ings upholding or reversing the proposed suspension, revocation or 15 refusal to renew a license. No action involving suspension, revoca-16 tion or refusal to renew a license shall be taken by the licensing board 17 unless a quorum of six of the ten members are present at the meeting. 18 19 A copy of the decision shall be promptly transmitted to the affected licensee who may, if he is aggrieved by the decision, request a second 20 21 hearing before the board in the manner provided by this section. H 22 the second hearing is denied, or its outcome is unsatisfactory to the 23 licensee, he may appeal to district court which may hear the matter 24 de nevo. Judicial review of the actions of the board may be sought in 25 accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 202. Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter one hundred eighty-six (186), section six (6), is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 6. NEW SECTION. Appeal procedure. If an application is not acted upon within a reasonable time, if it is denied in whole or in part, or if any award of assistance is modified, suspended, or canceled under any provision of this Act, the applicant or recipient may appeal to the department, which shall give the appellant reasonable notice and opportunity for a fair hearing before the commissioner or his designee. An applicant or recipient aggrieved by the result of such hearing may, within thirty days, appeal to Judicial review of the actions of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. the district court of the county in which he resides by serving notice of such appeal upon the commissioner or his designee, in the manner required for the service of original notice in a civil action. Upon* Upon* receipt of such notice the petition for judicial review, the department shall furnish the appellant petitioner with a copy of any papers filed by him in support of his position, a transcript of any testimony taken, and a copy of the department's decision. The district court shall review the department's decision to determine its legality.

SEC. 203. Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter two hundred eight (208), section seven (7), new subsection three (3), unnumbered paragraph three (3) of this new subsection, amending section three hundred twenty-one point two hundred thirty-eight (321.238), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

After the hearing, the review board may sustain, modify, or reverse the commissioner's order of suspension or revocation. A suspension or revocation sustained or modified by the review board shall take effect ten days from the date of the decision unless the permit holder files an appeal. Judicial review of actions of the review board

^{*}According to enrolled Act

may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. in the district court of the county in which the vehicle inspection station is located within ten days from the date of the decision of the review board. The order of suspension or revocation sustained or modified and appealed to the district court shall become effective ten days from the date the appeal is filed unless the suspension or revocation is stayed by the court.

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SEC. 204. Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter two hundred seventy-four (274), section twenty-eight (28), is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 28. NEW SECTION. Judicial review. The action of the commissioner and the recommendation and findings of the commissioner of public health under section twenty-seven (27) of this Act shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 205. Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter two hundred seventy-six (276), section ten (10), unnumbered paragraph one (1), is amended to read as follows:

The commission may after hearing and upon information being filed with the commission by the head of the warehouse division of the commission or upon complaint filed by any person, suspend or revoke the license of any person licensed under this Act for the violation of or failure to comply with the provisions of this Act or any rule or regulation adopted under this Act. An information or a verified complaint stating the grounds for suspension or revocation shall be filed with the commission in triplicate. The commission shall notify the licensee of the complaint and furnish him with a copy of the information or the complaint and a copy of the order of the commission fixing the time for a hearing, which time shall be at least five days from the date of notification. If the commission determines that the public good requires immediate action, the commission may, upon the filing of the information or the complaint and without hearing, temporarily suspend a license pending the determination by it of the complaint. Any person aggrieved by the decision of the commission may appeal the decision of the commission to the district court by service of notice of appeal upon the commission within thirty days following the filing of the decision of the commission in the office of the commission. The commission shall, upon service of notice of appeal, certify the complete record of the preceedings before it to the elerk of the district court. Judicial review of the actions of the commission may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 206. Acts of the Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter two hundred ninety-four (294), section five (5), unnumbered paragraphs two (2) and three (3), are amended to read as follows:

Any person who files with the bureau a written statement to the effect that a statement contained in the criminal history data that refers to him is nonfactual, or information not authorized by law to be kept, and requests a correction or elimination of that information that refers to him shall be notified within twenty days by the bureau, in

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 writing, of the bureau's decision or order regarding the correction or elimination. The bureau's decision or order regarding the allow examination may be appealed to the district court of Polk county by the person requesting said examination, correction or elimination. Judicial review of the actions of the bureau may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act. Immediately upon such appeal the filing of the petition for judicial review the court shall order the bureau to file with the court a certified copy of the criminal history data and in no other situation shall the bureau furnish an individual or his attorney with a certified copy, except as provided by this Act.

Upon the request of the appellant petitioner, the record and evidence in such eases a judicial review proceeding shall be closed to all but the court and its officers, and access thereto shall be refused unless otherwise ordered by the court. The clerk shall maintain a separate docket for such actions. No person, other than the appellant petitioner shall permit a copy of any of the testimony or pleadings or the substance thereof to be made available to any person other than a party to the action or his attorney. Violation of the provisions of this section shall be a public offense, punishable under section seven

30 (7) of this Act.

SEC. 207. Section twenty-five A point one (25A.1), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

25A.1 Citation and applicability. This chapter may be cited as the "Iowa Tort Claims Act". Every provision of this chapter is applicable and of full force and effect notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 208. Section twenty-five A point three (25A.3), unnumbered paragraph three (3), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

The state appeal board may shall adopt rules, regulations, and procedures for the handling, processing, and investigation of claims, according to the provisions of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SEC. 209. Section twenty-eight A point seven (28A.7), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

28A.7 Mendamus or injunction Enforcement of rights. The provisions of this chapter and all rights of citizens under this chapter may be enforced by mandamus or injunction, whether or not any other remedy is also available. In the alternative, rights under this chapter also may be enforced by an action for judicial review according to the provisions of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, if the meeting involved is a meeting of an "agency" as defined in that act.

SEC. 210. Section sixty-eight A point 5 (68A.5), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows:

all rights of citizens under this chapter may be enforced by mandamus or injunction, whether or not any other remedy is also available. In the alternative, rights under this chapter also may be enforced by an action for judicial review according to the provisions of the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act, if the records involved are records of an "agency" as defined in that act.

Chapter seventeen A (17A), as amended by Acts of the SEC. 211. 1 Sixty-fifth General Assembly, 1973 Session, chapter one hundred 2 twenty-eight (128), and sections eighty-three A point twelve 3 (83A.12), eighty-six point thirty (86.30), eighty-six point thirty-one (86.31), eighty-six point thirty-three (86.33), ninety-seven B point 4 5 twenty-one (97B.21), ninety-seven B point thirty (97B.30), ninety-6 seven B point thirty-one (97B.31), one hundred point eighteen (100.18), one hundred point nineteen (100.19), one hundred point 7 8 twenty-one (100.21), one hundred point twenty-two (100.22), one 9 hundred point twenty-four (100.24), one hundred point twenty-five 10 (100.25), one hundred ninety-two A point twenty-six (192A.26), two 11 hundred thirty-eight point thirteen (238.13), two hundred thirty-eight point fourteen (238.14), two hundred thirty-eight point fifteen 12 13 (238.15), two hundred seventy-five point thirty-four (275.34), three 14 hundred twenty-five point twenty-two (325.22), three hundred twenty-five point twenty-three (325.23), three hundred twenty-five 15 16 point twenty-four (325.24), four hundred twenty-eight point thirty-17 two (428.32), four hundred twenty-eight point thirty-three (428.33), 18 four hundred fifty-five B point forty (455B.40), four hundred fifty-19 five B point forty-two (455B.42), four hundred ninety A point four-20 teen (490A.14), four hundred ninety A point fifteen (490A.15), 21four hundred ninety A point sixteen (490A.16), four hundred ninety 22 A point seventeen (490A.17), four hundred ninety A point eighteen 23 24 (490A.18), four hundred ninety A point nineteen (490A.19), and five hundred seven B point ten (507B.10), Code 1973, are repealed. 25

Approved May 29, 1974

CHAPTER 1091

MILEAGE RATE FOR USE OF PRIVATE VEHICLES

S. F. 1139

AN ACT raising the mileage rate paid to members of the general assembly and employees of the state or its political subdivisions.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Section twenty-one point four (21.4), unnumbered 1 2 paragraph one (1), Code 1973, is amended to read as follows: 3 No state officer or employee shall use any state-owned motor vehicle 4 for his own personal private use, nor shall he be compensated for driving his own motor vehicle except if such is done on state business with 5 6 the approval of the state vehicle dispatcher, and in such case he shall 7 net receive more than ten fifteen cents per mile. A statutory provision stipulating necessary, mileage, travel, or actual expenses reimburse-8 ment to a state officer shall be construed to fall under this fifteen cents 9 limitation unless specifically provided otherwise. Any peace officer as 10 defined in section seven hundred forty-eight point three (748.3) of the 11 Code who is required to use his private vehicle in the performance of 12 his official duties shall receive reimbursement for mileage expense at 13